

TERMINATIONES

Et Exempla

DECLINATIONUM,

ET

CONJUGATIONUM,

In Usum

GRAMMATICASTRORUM.

Opera & Studio *CAROLIHOOLE*, M.A.
è C. L. Oxon. Scholarchæ olim *Rotherhamiensis* in
agro Ebor. jam verò privatæ Scholæ Grammaticæ
Institutoris prope ædes haud ita procul à Byrsa
Regali apud *Londinates*.

M. Fab. Quint. Instit. Orat. l. 1. c. 4.
*Nomina declinare & verba, in primis pueri sciunt; neq;
enim aliter pervenire ad intellectum sequentium pos-
sunt; quod etiam monere supervacuum fuerat, nisi am-
bitiosa festinatione plerique à posterioribus inciperent;
& dum ostentare discipulos circa speciosa malunt, com-
pendio morarentur.*

L O N D I N I,

Typis *A. Clark*, Impensis *J. Clark*, apud quem
veneunt, ad *Mercerorum* Capellam in Vico
vulgo vocato *Cheapside*, MDCLXXII.

TERMINATIONES

DECLINATIONES

CONJUGATIONES

DAMNATIONES

DECLINATIONES

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ARTICULI.

Articuli, sive notæ Generum.

Singulariter		Masc.	Fœm.	Neut.
	Nom.	<i>Hic.</i>	<i>Hæc.</i>	<i>Hoc.</i>
	Gen.	<i>Huius.</i>	<i>Huius.</i>	<i>Huius.</i>
	Dat.	<i>Huius.</i>	<i>Huius.</i>	<i>Huius.</i>
	Acc.	<i>Hunc.</i>	<i>Hanc.</i>	<i>Hoc.</i>
	Voc.	<i>ô.</i>	<i>ô.</i>	<i>ô.</i>
	Abl.	<i>Hoc.</i>	<i>Hæc.</i>	<i>Hoc.</i>

Pluraliter		Hi.	He.	Hæc
	Nom.	<i>Hi.</i>	<i>He.</i>	<i>Hæc.</i>
	Gen.	<i>Horum.</i>	<i>Harum.</i>	<i>Horum.</i>
	Dat.	<i>His.</i>	<i>His.</i>	<i>His.</i>
	Acc.	<i>Hos.</i>	<i>Has.</i>	<i>Hæc.</i>
	Voc.	<i>ô.</i>	<i>ô.</i>	<i>ô.</i>
	Abl.	<i>His.</i>	<i>His.</i>	<i>His.</i>

Terminationes quinque Declinationum.

	1	2	3	4	5
Singulariter	Nom.	a	r. us.	a.c.e.i. l.n.o.r. u.s.	us es
	Gen.	e	i	is	us ei
	Dat.	e	o	i	ui ei
	Acc.	am	um	em	um em
	Voc.	a	r. e. um	a.c.e.i. l.n.o.r. s.t.x.	us es
	Abl.	a	o	e	u e

Pluraliter	Nom.	e	i	es	us es
	Gen.	arum	orum	um	uum erum
	Dat.	is	is	ibus	bus ebus
	Acc.	as	os	es	us es
	Voc.	e	i	es	us es
	Abl.	is	is	ibus	bus ebus

Exem-

Exempla Declinationum.

3

Exempla primæ Declinationis.

1. Masculina.

Poeta, a *Poet.*
Lixa, a *Scullion.*
Scriba, a *Scribe.*
Scurra, a *Scoffer.*
Rabula, a *Brawler.*

Athleta, a *Wrestler.*
Bibliopola, a *Book-seller.*
Cometa, a *blazing Star.*
Oenopola, a *Vintner.*
Propheta, a *Prophet.*

2. Feminina.

Fibula, a *Button.*
Acicula, a *Pin.*
Ligula, a *Point.*
Rubecula, a *Robin-red-breast.*
Merula, a *Black-bird.*
Tinca, a *Tench.*

Perca, a *Perch.*
Saga, a *Witch.*
Plaga, a *stroke.*
Virga, a *Rod.*
Cavea, a *Cage.*

3. Communia duorum.

Verna, a *Slave.*
Agricola, a *Handman.*
Advena, a *Stranger.*
Auriga, a *Waggoner.*
Indigena, a *Homeling.*

Transfuga, a *Run-away.*
Incola, an *Inhabitant.*
Conviva, a *Guest.*
Homicida, a *Man-slayer.*

4. Dubia.

Talpa, a *Mole.*

Dama, a *Deer.*

5. Adjectiva & Substantiva.

Bona Musa, a *good Muse.*
Garrula Pica, a *chattering Pie.*
Furca ferrea, an *iron Fork.*
Lubrica anguilla, a *slippery Eel.*
Longa hasta, a *long Pike.*
Nova virga, a *new Rod.*

Exempla secundæ Declinationis.

1. Masculina.

Puer, eri, <i>a Boy.</i>	Pileus, <i>a Cap.</i>
Culter, tri, <i>a Knife.</i>	Procus, <i>a Woer.</i>
Aper, pri, <i>a Boar.</i>	Sponsus, <i>a Bridegroom.</i>
Ager, gri, <i>a Field.</i>	Digitus, <i>a Finger.</i>
Armiger, eri, <i>an Esquire.</i>	Fungus, <i>a Mushroom.</i>

2. Feminina.

Cerasus, <i>a Cherry-tree.</i>	Papyrus, <i>Paper.</i>
Malus, <i>an Apple-tree.</i>	ChrySTALLUS, <i>Chrystal.</i>
Pirus, <i>a Pear-tree.</i>	Synodus, <i>an Assembly.</i>
Volemus. <i>a Warden-tree.</i>	Byssus, <i>fine Flax.</i>
Sorbus, <i>a Service-tree.</i>	Arctus, <i>Charles Wain.</i>

3. Neutra.

Pomum, <i>an Apple.</i>	Ovum, <i>an Egg.</i>
Cerasum, <i>a Cherry.</i>	Brachium, <i>an Arm.</i>
Pirum, <i>a Pear.</i>	Mentum, <i>a Chin.</i>
Prunum, <i>a Plum.</i>	Carpentum, <i>a Coach.</i>
Mespilum, <i>a Medlar.</i>	Scamnum, <i>a Bench.</i>

4. Dubia.

Pampinus, <i>a Vine leaf.</i>	Grossus, <i>a green Fig.</i>
Paradisus, <i>a Paradise.</i>	Lecythus, <i>an oil Glass.</i>
Atomus, <i>a Move in the Sun.</i>	Phaselus, <i>a Barge.</i>

5. Adjectiva & Substantiva.

Bonus Magister, <i>a good Master.</i>
Magnus Liber, <i>a great Book.</i>
Longus gladius, <i>a long Sword.</i>
Honestus vir, <i>an honest man.</i>
Stultum ingenium, <i>a foolish Wit.</i>
Profundum pelagus, <i>the deep Sea.</i>

Exempla tertiæ Declinationis.

1. Masculina.

Sal, salis, <i>Salt.</i>	Pes, pedis, <i>a Foot.</i>
Mugil, ilis, <i>a Mullet.</i>	Crinis, is, <i>a Hair.</i>
Pecten, inis, <i>a Comb.</i>	Glis, gliris, <i>a Dormouse.</i>
Delphin, inis, <i>a Dolphin.</i>	Lapis, idis, <i>a Stone.</i>
Dæmon, onis, <i>a Devil.</i>	Flos, floris, <i>a Flower.</i>
Leo, onis, <i>a Lion.</i>	Nepos, otis, <i>a Nephew.</i>
Sermo, onis, <i>a Speech.</i>	Heros, ois, <i>a Nobleman.</i>
Brito, onis, <i>a Britain.</i>	Mus, muris, <i>a Mouse.</i>
Nar, naris, <i>a Nostril.</i>	Lepos, oris, <i>a Hare.</i>
Crater, eris, <i>a Goblet.</i>	Arabs, abis, <i>an Arabian.</i>
Carcer, eris, <i>a Prison.</i>	Æthiops, opis, <i>a Blackmore.</i>
Dolor, oris, <i>Grief.</i>	Mons, tis, <i>a Hill.</i>
Turtur, uris, <i>a Turtle.</i>	Dens, tis, <i>a Tooth.</i>
Mas, maris, <i>a Male.</i>	Thorax, acis, <i>the bulk of ones</i>
Gigas, antis, <i>a Gyant.</i>	<i>Body.</i>
Magnes, etis, <i>a Loadstone.</i>	Vervex, ecis, <i>a Weather.</i>
Limes, itis, <i>a Bound.</i>	Calix, icis, <i>a Cup.</i>

2. Feminina.

Syndon, onis, <i>fine Linnen.</i>	Laus, dis, <i>Praise.</i>
Hirundo, inis, <i>a Swallow.</i>	Trabs, bis, <i>a Beam.</i>
Imago, inis, <i>an Image.</i>	Hyems, emis, <i>Winter.</i>
Lectio, onis, <i>a Lesson.</i>	Mens, tis, <i>a Mind.</i>
Caro, carnis, <i>Flesh.</i>	Daps, dapis, <i>dainty meat.</i>
Mater, tris, <i>a Mother.</i>	Pus, tis, <i>Snivel.</i>
Arbor, oris, <i>a Tree.</i>	Frons, dis, <i>the Leaf of a tree.</i>
Civitas, atis, <i>a City.</i>	Ars, tis, <i>a Trade.</i>
Sedes, is, <i>a Seat.</i>	Fax, facis, <i>a Torch.</i>
Abies, icis, <i>a Fir-tree.</i>	Lex, legis, <i>a Law.</i>
Pellis, is, <i>a Skin.</i>	Radix, icis, <i>a Root.</i>
Cassis, idis, <i>an Head-piece.</i>	Vox, vocis, <i>a Voice.</i>
Cos, cotis, <i>a Whetstone.</i>	Nux, nucis, <i>a Nut.</i>
Virtus, tutis, <i>Virtue.</i>	

3. Neutra.

3. Neutra.

Enigma, atis, a Riddle.	Cor, cordis, a Heart.
Lac, atis, Milk.	Robor, oris, an Oak.
Cubile, is, a Bed.	Vas, vasis, a vessel.
Sinapi, invar. Mustard.	Æs, æris, Brass.
Animal, lis, a living Creature.	Os, oris, a Mouth.
Mel, lis, Honey.	Os, ossis, a Bone.
Nomen, inis, a Name.	Crus, cruris, a Leg.
Calcar, aris, a Spur.	Onus, eris, a Burthen.
Cadaver, eris, a Carcase.	Corpus, oris, a Body.
Hir, invar. hollow of the hand.	Caput, itis, a head.

4. Dubia.

Anas, atis, a Duck.	Babo, onis, an Owl.
Amnis, nis, a River.	Scrobs, bis, a Ditch.
Grus, gruis, a Crane.	Limax, acis, a Snail.
Linter, tris, a Boat.	Culex, icis, a Gnat.

5. Communia duorum.

Homo, inis, a Man.	Judex, icis, a Judge.
Hæres, edis, an Heir.	Vigil, ilis, a Watchman.
Testis, is, a Witness.	Eques, itis, a Knight.
Custos, odis, a Keeper.	Dux, cis, a Captain.
Princeps, ipis, a Prince.	Opifex, cis, a Workman.

6. Communia trium.

Mitis, e, Mild.	Simplex, icis, Simple.
Amans, tis, Loving.	Pernix, icis, Swift.
Docens, tis, Teaching.	Atrox, ocis, Cruel.
Legens, tis, Reading.	Trux, trucis, Fierce.
Audiens, tis, Hearing.	Doctior, ius, more Learned.
Audax, acis, Bold.	Dulcior, ius, Sweeter.

Adjectiva

Adjectiva & Substantiva.

Humilis arbor, a low tree.

Vitis lachrymans, a bleeding Vine.

Caro iuncta, an ivory flesh.

Facinus nobile, a gallant exploit.

Lex prohibens, a Law forbidding.

Anceps securis, a two-edged hatchet.

Socors miles, a heartless Souldier.

Cicur sus, a tame swine.

Inops multitudo, the poor commons.

Animal bipes, a two footed living creature.

Deses senex, an old man sitting still.

Grave onus, a heavy burthen.

Humilius genus, a baser stock.

Exempla quartæ Declinationis.

1. Masculina.

Gradus, a step.

Flatus, a blast.

Arcus, a bow

Strepitus, a noise.

Versus, a Verse.

Aspectus, a look.

2. Feminina.

Anus, an old woman.

Acus, a needle.

Porticus, a Porch.

Nurus, a sons wife.

Tribus, kindred.

Socrus, a wives mother.

3. Neutra.

Genu, a knee.

Veru, a spit.

Tonitru, thunder.

Exempla quintæ Declinationis.

Feminina.

Acies, an edge.

Fides, faith.

Res, a thing.

Glacies, ice.

Species, a shape.

Macies, leanness.

Adje-

Adjectiva & Substantiva diversarum Declinationum.

- 1 Candida 4 manus, *a white hand.*
 3 Cicur 1 columba, *a tame pigeon.*
 3 Iners 2 asinus, *an idle ass.*
 2 Gelidus 3 fons, *a cold spring.*
 3 Dulce 2 pomum, *a sweet apple.*
 1 Squalida 5 facies, *a nasty face.*
 3 Hebes 2 ingenium, *a dull wit.*
 1 Venuſta 3 Venus, *a fair Lady.*
 3 Felix 1 ſylva, *a fertile wood.*
 2 Garrulus 3 percontator, *a prattling buſie-body.*
 3 Auris 1 patula, *an open ear.*
 2 Impubis 1 gena, *a beardleſs cheek.*
 3 Mendax 1 forma, *lying beauty.*
 2 Meus 4 vultus, 2 amicus, *my friendly countenance.*
 1 Mea 3 fallax 3 imago, *my deceitful image.*
 2 Meum 2 charum 3 caput, *my dear head.*
 2 Trepidus
 vel } 1 dama, *a trembling deer.*
 1 Trepida }
 2 Malevolus 3 vetus 1 Poeta, *an old cankered Poet.*
 3 Immanis ac 1 barbara 3 conſuetudo, *a cruel and barbarous*
 cuſtom.
 3 Hilaris 2 feſtus 5 dies, *a merry holy day.*
 2 Lucidus & 3 ſplendens 1 planeta, *a light and bright Planet.*
 3 Lucidior & 3 ſplendidior 1 Luna, *the lighter and brighter*
 Moon.
 2 Lucidiſſimus & 2 Splendidiſſimus 3 Sol, *the very light,*
 and very brig^{ht} Sun.

Terminaciones Adjectivorum; tres gradus Comparationis.

Doctus.
Tener.
Dulcis.
Felix.
Prudens.

Singulariter	N.	us, er, is	x, ns.	ior	mus
		a, is			ma
		um, e		ius	mum
	G.	i	is	ioris	mi
		æ			mæ
		i			mi
	D.	o	i	iori	mo
		æ			mæ
		o			mo
	A.	um	e, x, ns.	iore	mum
am		mam			
um		mum			
V.	e, er, is	x, ns.	ior	me	
	a, is			ma	
	um, e			mum	
A.	o	e	iore	mo	
	a			ma	
	o			mo	
Pluraliter	N.	i	cs	iores	mi
		æ			mæ
		a			ma
	G.	orum	ium	iorum	morum
		arum			marum
		orum			morum
	D.	is	ibus	ioribus	mis
		os			mos
		as			mas
	A.	a	ia	iora	ma
as		ma			
a		ma			
V. Voc. ut No					
A.		is	ibus	ioribus	imis

(A. is ibus

ioribus

imis

I Exem-

1. Exemplum Adjectivorum trium Terminationum.

		P	C	S
Singulariter	M.	Doctus	Doctior	Doctissimus
	N. F.	Docta	Doctior	Doctissima
	N.	Doctum	Doctius	Doctissimum
	M.	Docti	Doctioris	Doctissimi
	G. F.	Doctæ	Doctioris	Doctissimæ
	N.	Docti	Doctioris	Doctissimique
	M.	Docto	Doctiori	Doctissimo
	D. F.	Doctæ	Doctiori	Doctissimæ
	N.	Docto	Doctiori	Doctissimo
	M.	Doctum	Doctiorem	Doctissimum
	A. F.	Doctam	Doctiorem	Doctissimam
	N.	Doctum	Doctius	Doctissimum
	M.	Docte	Doctior	Doctissime
	V. F.	Docta	Doctior	Doctissima
	N.	Doctum	Doctius	Doctissimum
	M.	Docto	Doctiore, vel ri.	Doctissimo
	A. F.	Docta	Doctiore, vel ri	Doctissima
	N.	Docto	Doctiore, vel ri	Doctissimo
Pluraliter	M.	Docti	Doctiores	Doctissimi
	N. F.	Doctæ	Doctiores	Doctissimæ
	N.	Docta	Doctiora	Doctissima
	M.	Doctorum	Doctiorum	Doctissimorum
	G. F.	Doctarum	Doctiorum	Doctissimarum
	N.	Doctorum	Doctiorum	Doctissimorum
	D. M. F. N.	Doctis	Doctioribus	Doctissimisque
	M.	Doctos	Doctiores	Doctissimos
	A. F.	Doctas	Doctiores	Doctissimas
	N.	Docta	Doctiora	Doctissima
	V.	Vo. ut No.		
	A.	Ab. ut Da.		

2. Exemplum

Terminationes.

II

3. Exemplum Adjectivorum ductum Terminationum.

	P	C	S
Singulariter.	M.	Dulcis	Dulcior
	N. F.	Dulcis	Dulcior
	N.	Dulce	Dulcius
	M.	Dulcis	Dulcioris
	G. F.	Dulcis	Dulcioris
	N.	Dulcis	Dulcioris
	M.	Dulci	Dulciori
	D. F.	Dulci	Dulciori
	N.	Dulci	Dulciori
	M.	Dulcem	Dulciorem
	A. F.	Dulcem	Dulciorem
	N.	Dulce	Dulcius
	M.	Dulcis	Dulcior
	F. F.	Dulcis	Dulcior
	N.	Dulce	Dulcius

Pluraliter.	M.	Dulces	Dulciores
	N. F.	Dulces	Dulciores
	N.	Dulcia	Dulciora
	M.	Dulcium	Dulciorum
	G. F.	Dulcium	Dulciorum
	N.	Dulcium	Dulciorum
	D. M. F. N.	Dulcibus	Dulcioribus
	M.	Dulces	Dulciores
	A. F.	Dulces	Dulciores
	N.	Dulcia	Dulciora
	V.	Vo. ut No.	
	A.	Ab. ut Da.	

Terminationes Adjectivorum.

3. Exemplum Adjectivorum unius Terminationis.

		P	C	S
Singulariter.	M.	Felix	Felicior	Felicissimus
	N. F.	Felix	Felicior	Felicissima
	N.	Felix	Felicius	Felicissimum
	M.	Feliciis	Felicioris	Felicissimi
	G. F.	Feliciis	Felicioris	Felicissimæ
	N.	Feliciis	Felicioris	Felicissimi
	M.	Felici	Felictori	Felicissimo
	D. F.	Felici	Felictori	Felicissimæ
	N.	Felici	Felictori	Felicissimo
	M.	Felicem	Felictorem	Felicissimam
	A. F.	Felicem	Felictorem	Felicissimam
	N.	Felix	Felicius	Felicissimum
	M.	Felix	Felicior	Felicissime
	V. F.	Felix	Felicior	Felicissima
	N.	Felix	Felicius	Felicissimum
	M.	Felice	Feliciores, vel ri	Felicissimo
	A. F.	Felice	Feliciores, vel ri	Felicissima
	N.	Felice	Feliciores, vel ri	Felicissimo
Pluraliter.	M.	Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimi
	N. F.	Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimæ
	N.	Felicia	Felicia	Felicissima
	M.	Feliciam	Felictorum	Felicissimorum
	G. F.	Feliciam	Felictorum	Felicissimarum
	N.	Feliciam	Felictorum	Felicissimorum
	D. M. F. N.	Feliciibus	Felictioribus	Felicissimis
	M.	Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimos
	A. F.	Felices	Feliciores	Felicissimas
	N.	Felicia	Felicia	Felicissima
	F.	Ve. ut No.		
	A.	Ab. ut Da.		

Termi-

Terminationes Verborum in O.

13

Terminationes Verborum in O, secundum Conjugationes.

Modus Indicativus.

Persona		1	2	3	1	2	3
Præ- sens.	Am	1. o	as	at	amus	atis	ant
	Doc	2. co	es	et	emus	etis	ent
	Leg	3. o	is	it	imus	itis	unt
	Aud	4. io	is	it	imus	itis	iunt
Im- perfe- ctum.	Singulariter.	1. abam					
		2. ebam	bas	bat	bamus	batis	bant
		3. ebam					
		4. iebam					
Perfe- ctum.	Singulariter.	1. avi					
		2. ui	isti	it	imus	istis	erunt
		3. i					ere
		4. ivi					
Plus- quam perfe- ctum.	Singulariter.	1. averam					
		2. ueram	ras	erat	ramus	ratis	rant
		3. eram					
		4. iveram					
Futu- rum.	Singulariter.	1. abo	bis	bit	bimus	bitis	bunt
		2. ebo					
		3. am	es	et	emus	etis	ent
		4. iam					

Modus Imperativus.

Præ- sens.	Singulariter.	1.	a	et	emus	ate	ent
		2.	ato	ato	eamus	atote	anto
		3.	e	eat	eamus	ete	eant
		4.	eto	eto	eamus	etote	ento
	Singulariter.	1.	e	at	amus	ite	ant
		2.	ito	ito	amus	itote	unto
		3.	i	iat	iamus	ite	iant
		4.	ito	ito	iamus	itote	iunto

B

Modus

	1. em	2. es	3. et	1. emus	2. etis	3. ent
Præ- sens.	2. eam 3. am 4. iam	}	as at	I amus	atis	ant

Im- perfe- ctum.	1. arem 2. eram 3. eram 4. irem	}	res ret	I remus	retis	rent
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Perfe- ctum.	1. averim 2. uerim 3. erim 4. iverim	}	ris rit	I rimus	ritis	rint
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Plus- quam perf.	1. auissem 2. uissem 3. issem 4. iuissem	}	ses set	I semus	setis	sent
------------------------	---	---	------------	------------	-------	------

Futu- rum.	1. auero 2. uero 3. ero 4. ivero	}	ris rit	I rimus	ritis	rint
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Modus Infinitivus.

Præf. & Im- perf.	1. are 2. ere 3. ere 4. ire	}	1. andi 2. endi 3. endi 4. iendi	}	do, dum
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Supina.

Præf. & Plus- perf.	1. auisse 2. uisse 3. isse 4. isse, visse	}	1. atum 2. } 3. } —um 4. itum	}	u
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Participium

	1. aturum 2. urum 3. urum 4. iturum	}	esse.	Præsentis.	Futuri.
Futu- rum.				1. ans 2. ens 3. ens 4. iens	aturus urus urus iturus

Exempla primæ Conjugationis Verborum in O.

Voco, to call.	Spero, to hope.
Clamo, to cry.	Pecco, to sin.
Ambulo, to walk.	Opto, to wish.
Claudico, to halt.	Nego, to deny.
Canto, to sing.	Cesso, to leyster.
Puto, to think.	Curo, to regard.
Vigilo, to watch.	Litigio, to brabble.
Expecto, to wait.	Navigo, to sail.
Egrotō, to be sick.	Vapulo, to be whipt.
Exulo, to be banished.	

Exempla secundæ Conjugationis.

Teneo, to hold.	Censeo, to think.
Timeo, to fear.	Moneo, to admonish.
Studeo, to study.	Frigeo, to be cold.
Lateo, to lie hid.	Valeo, to be in health.
Taceo, to be silent.	Caleo, to be warm.

Exempla tertiæ Conjugationis.

Bibo, to drink.	Serpo, to creep.	Jacio, to cast.
Ico, to strike.	Linq̃uo, to leave.	Fodio, to dig.
Trudo, to thrust.	Tero, to wear.	Fugio, to shun.
Figo, to fasten.	Arcesso, to go to call.	Capio, to take.
Veho, to carry.	Verro, to turn.	Pario, to bring forth.
Molo, to grind.	Solvo, to loose.	Quatio, to shake.
Fremo, to roar.	Nexo, to knit.	Statuo, to appoint.
Sino, to suffer.		

Exempla quartæ Conjugationis.

Dormio, to sleep.	Scio, to know.
Garrio, to prate.	Lascivio, to play the wanton.
Impedio, to hinder.	Munio, to fence.
Custodio, to keep.	Mollio, to soften.
Servio, to serve.	Pipio, to cry peep.
Obedio, to obey.	Nutrio, to nourish.

Terminationes Verborum in or, secundum quatuor Conjugationes
Indicativus Modus.

		1	2	3	1	2	3
Præ- sens.	1.	or	aris	atur	amur	amini	antur
	2.	eor	are	etur	emur	emini	entur
	3.	or	eris	itur	imur	imini	untur
	4.	ior	ere	itur	imur	imini	iuntur
Im- perfe- ctum.	1.	abar	iris	itur			
	2.	ebor	ire	itur			
	3.	ebor	baris	batur	bamur	bamini	bantur
	4.	iebar	bare	batur			
Perfe- ctum.	1.	atus	sum	es	est	sumus	estis
	2.	us	fui	fuisti	fuit	fui	fui
	3.	itus	fui	fuit	fuit	fuerunt	fuerunt
	4.	itus				fuerunt	fuerunt
Plus- quam perfe- ctum.	1.	atus	eram	eras	erat	eramus	eratis
	2.	us	eram	eras	erat	erant	erant
	3.	us	fueram	fueras	fue-	fuerant	fuerant
	4.	itus	rat				
Futu- rum.	1.	abor	eris	itur	imur	imini	untur
	2.	ebor	ere	itur	imur	imini	untur
	3.	ar	eris	etur	emur	emini	entur
	4.	iar	ere	etur	emur	emini	entur

Indicativus Modus.

Præ- sens.	1.	are	etur	emur	amini	entur
	2.	ator	ator	amur	aminor	antur
	3.	ere	eator	eamur	emini	eantur
	4.	etor	etor	eminor	entor	
	1.	ere	ator	amur	imini	antur
	2.	itor	itor	aminor	untor	
	3.	ire	iatur	imini	iantur	
	4.	itor	itor	iminor	iuntor	

Potentialis

Præ- sens.	1.	er	{	eris	etur	emur	emini	entur
	2.	ear		ere				
	3.	ar		aris		atur	amur	amini
	4.	iar		are			antur	
Im- perf.	1.	arer	{	eris	etur	emur	emini	entur
	2.	erer		ere				
	3.	erer						
	4.	irer						
Perf.	1.	atus	{	sim	sis sit	i	simus	sitis
	2.	us		fuerim			fuerimus	fueritis
	3.	us		fueris			sint	
	4.	itus		fuerit			fuerint	
Pluf- quam perf.	1.	atus	{	essem	esses esset	i	essemus	essetis
	2.	us		fuissem			fuissemus	fuissetis
	3.	us		fuiſſes			essent	
	4.	itus		fuiſſet			fuiſſent	
Futu- rum.	1.	atus	{	ero	eris erit	i	erimus	eritis
	2.	us		fuerio			fuerimus	fueritis
	3.	us		fueris			erunt	
	4.	itus		fuerit			fuerint	

Infinitivus Modus.

Præf. & Im- perf.	1.	ari	{	
	2.	eri		
	3.	i		
	4.	iri		
Perf. & Pluf. perf.	1.	atum	{	esse
	2.	um		fuisse
	3.	um		
	4.	itum		
Futu- rum.	1.	atum iri	{	
	2.	andum esse		
	3.	um iri		
	4.	endum esse		

Participia	
Præteriti.	Futuri in dus
1. atus	1. andus
2. { us	2. { endus
3. { us	3. { endus
4. itus	4. iendus

Exempla primæ Conjugationis Verborum in Or.

<i>Precor, to pray.</i>	<i>Rogor, to be asked.</i>
<i>Suspicio, to suspect.</i>	<i>Turbo, to be troubled.</i>
<i>Confabulor, to chat or talk.</i>	<i>Vastor, to be wasted.</i>
<i>Miror, to wonder.</i>	<i>Verberor, to be beaten.</i>
<i>Oculor, to kiss.</i>	<i>Spolior, to be spoiled.</i>
<i>Venor, to hunt.</i>	<i>Vocor, to be called.</i>
<i>Veneror, to worship.</i>	<i>Crucior, to be tormented.</i>
<i>Piscor, to fish.</i>	<i>Recitor, to be rehearsed.</i>
<i>Minor, to threaten.</i>	<i>Gravor, to be grieved.</i>
<i>Testor, to witness.</i>	

Exempla secundæ Conjugationis.

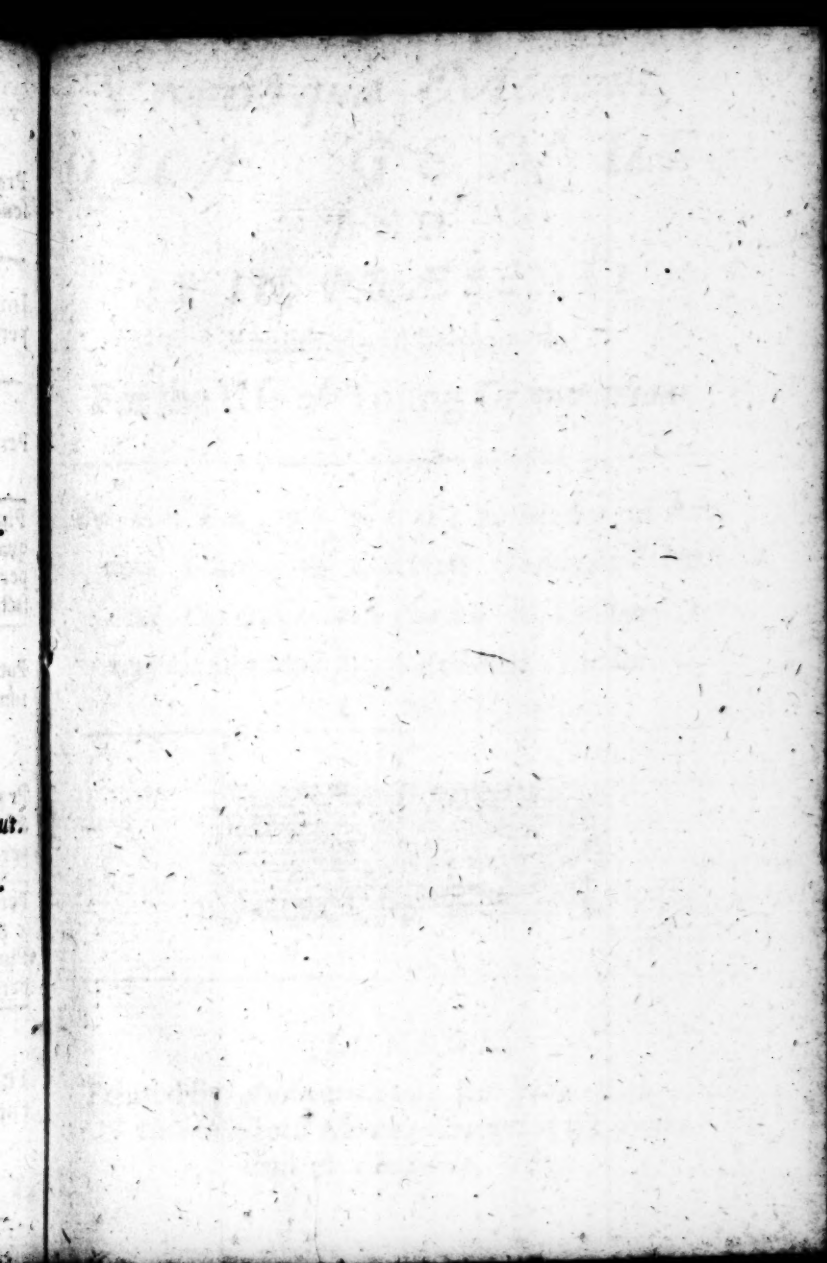
<i>Fateor, to confess.</i>	<i>Irrideor, to be mocked.</i>
<i>Polliceor, to promise.</i>	<i>Absterreor, to be affrighted.</i>
<i>Vereor, to fear.</i>	<i>Moveor, to be moved.</i>
<i>Tueor, to defend.</i>	<i>Impleor, to be filled.</i>
<i>Mereor, to deserve.</i>	<i>Misceor, to be mingled.</i>
<i>Misereor, to pity.</i>	<i>Habeor, to be accounted.</i>
<i>Monëor, to be advised.</i>	

Exempla tertiæ Conjugationis.

<i>Sequor, to follow.</i>	<i>Opprimor, to be oppressed.</i>
<i>Loquor, to speak.</i>	<i>Quæror, to be sought.</i>
<i>Utor, to use.</i>	<i>Extinguor, to be quenched.</i>
<i>Revertor, to return.</i>	<i>Extendor, to be stretched out.</i>
<i>Queror, to complain.</i>	<i>Illudor, to be mocked.</i>
<i>Proficiscor, to go.</i>	<i>Deprehendor, to be caught.</i>
<i>Labor, to slide.</i>	<i>Jungor, to be joyned.</i>
<i>Promittor, to be promised.</i>	

Exempla quartæ Conjugationis.

<i>Mentior, to lie.</i>	<i>Impedior, to be entangled.</i>
<i>Experior, to try.</i>	<i>Erudior, to be instructed.</i>
<i>Blandior, to fawn upon.</i>	<i>Invenior, to be found.</i>
<i>Sortior, to cast lots.</i>	<i>Punior, to be punished.</i>
<i>Ordior, to begin.</i>	<i>Redimior, to be adorned.</i>
<i>Partior, to divide.</i>	



Q

B

Propria quæ Maribus,
QUÆ GENUS,
AND
AS IN PRÆSENTI
Englified and Explained,
For the Use of Young Grammarians.

By CHARLES HOOLE, Master of Arts,
now Teacher of a private Grammar-School,
near the *Token-house-Garden* in *Lothbury*, not
very far from the *Royal Exchange*, *London*.



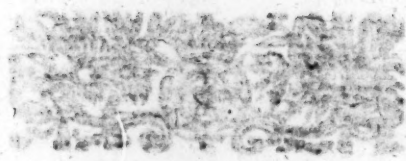
LONDON,
Printed by *Andrew Clark*, for *John Clark* at the
entrance into *Mercers-Chappel* at the lower
End of *Cheapside*, 1672.

THE LIFE OF
 JOHN RUSSELL

AS IN PARLIAMENTARY
 AND

FOR THE LIFE OF YOUNG RUSSELL
 ENLIGHTENED AND EXPLAINED

By CHARLES HOLLIS, Master of Arts,
 now Teacher of a Private Grammar-School,
 near the Park, London in Italy-street, not
 very far from the Royal Exchange, London.



LONDON

Printed by Andrew Clark, for John Clark at the
 corner into Market-street at the sign of the
 Bull and Lion, 1777.

PROPRIA QUÆ MARIBUS Explained.

1. The General Rules of Proper Names.

1. Proper Names which are given to Males (or bees) are of the Masculine Gender, viz.

1. Of * Gods, as,
Bacchus, ehi,
Mars, tis.
Apollo, inis,

* these were no
Gods, but Idols
(or Devils ra-
ther) worshipped
as Gods.

2. Of Men, as,
Cato, onis.
Virgilius, lii.

3. Of Rivers, as,
Tybris, is. Acc. im. abl. i. Orontes, tis, m.

4. Of Months, as,
October, bris, Abl. i.

5. Of Winds, as,
Lybs, bis, the West-South-west-wind.

Notus, ti, } the South-wind.
Auster, tri, }

2. Proper Names which are given to Females (or bees) are of the Feminine Gender, viz.

1. Goddesses, as,
Juno, onis.
Venus, eris.

2. Of Women, as,
Anna, æ.

Philotis

Propria quæ Maribus.

Philotis, otidis.

3. *Of Cities, as,*

Elis, idis.

Opus, untis.

4. *Of Countries, as,*

Græcia, æ.

Persis, idis.

5. *Of Islands, as,*

Creta, æ.

Britannia, æ.

Cyprus, pri.

Yet these proper Names of Cities are excepted, viz.

- | | | |
|----|--------------------|---|
| 1. | { Sulmo, monis, | { of the Masculine
Gender. |
| | { Agragas, gantis, | |
| 2. | { Agros, gi, | { of the Neuter Gender. |
| | { Tibur, uris, | |
| | { Prænestæ, is, | |
| 3. | Anxur, uris, | { of both Masculine and
Neuter Gender. |

3. General Rules for the Genders of Common Names.

1. *All Common Names of Trees are of the Feminine Gender, as,*

Alnus, ni, an Alder tree.

Cupressus, si, a Cypress tree.

Cedrus, dri, a Cedar tree.

Englished and Explained.

3

Yet these common names of trees are excepted.

- a Pinus, ni, & ūs, a wild Pine-tree.
 or as some read of the Masculine Gender.
 1. } b Spinus, ni, a Sloe-tree.
 Oleaster, tri, a wild Olive-tree.
 a Pinus, Masc. & Fem. saith Holyoake : Fem. beretofore of the Masc. Calepin.
 b Hic Spinus a Sloe-tree, & hæc Spina, a thorn or prickle, saith Servius in Virg.

- Siler, eris, an Oser.
 Suber, eris, a Cork-tree.
 1. } Thus, uris, a Frankincense-tree, of the Neuter gender.
 Robor, oris, an Oak.
 Acer, eris, a Maple.

2. These kinds of common names are of the Epicene Gender, viz.

1. Of Birds, as,

Passer, eris, m. a Sparrow.

Hirundo, inis, f. a Swallow.

2. Of Beasts, as,

Tygris, is, f. a Tiger.

Vulpes, is, f. a Fox.

3. Of Fishes, as,

Ostrea, æ, f. an Oyster.

Cetus, ti, m. a Whale.

3. * All Nouns that end in Um, are of the Neuter Gender, as,

Londinum, ni, London.

Malum, li, an Apple.

Eboracum, ci, York.

* Except the names of Women, as hæc Glycerium.

4. Every

3. Every Noun that doth not alter its Terminations, is of the Neuter Gender, as,

N. Fas,
G. Fay,
D. Fas, &c. } Right.

Yet the Genders of Common Names are better known by the Genitive case singular, for which there are three special Rules.

4. The first Special Rule for the Genders of Common Names.

1. A Noun which hath no more syllables in the Genitive case singular, than it hath in the Nominative, is of the Feminine Gender, as,

1. 2. 1. 2. 1. 2.
N. Nu-bes, } a cloud. Ca-pra, } a she goat. Ca-ro, } flesh.
G. Nu-bis, } Ca-præ, } Car-nis, }

1. Exception. Masculine.

1. Yet these Names are of the Masculine Gender, though they did not increase in the Genitive case, viz.
1. Nouns that signify Properties or Offices of men are of the Masculine Gender, if they end in [a] as,

Scriba, x, a Scribe.

Ascula, x, a Page.

Scurra, x, a Scoffer.

Englished and Explained.

Rabula, α , a brawler.

Lixa, α , a Scullion.

Lanista, α , a Fencer.

2. Nouns that come from the first Declension of the Greeks, which ends in [as and es] and are made to end in [a] are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Satrapas, α ,

Satrapa, α , } a Peer.

Athletes, α ,

Athleta, α , } a Wrestler.

3 These Nouns are Masculines, viz.

Verres, ris, a Boar-pig.

Natalis, is, a Birth-day.

Aqualis, is, an Ewer.

4. Nouns which are compounded of As, assis, are Masculines, as,

Centussis, is, an hundred pound weight.

5. Likewise these Nouns are Masculines,

Lienis, is, the Mitt.

Orbis, is, a Round thing.

Callis, is, a Pathway.

Caulis, is, a Stalk.

Follis, is, a pair of Bellows.

Collis, is, a little Hill.

Mensis, is, a Month.

Ensis, is, a Sword.

Fustis, is, a Club.

Funis, is, a Rope.

Papis,

Propria quæ Moribus.

Panis, is, *Bread.*
 Penis, is, *a mans Yard.*
 Crinis, is, *Hair.*
 Ignis, is, *Fire.*
 Cassis, is, *a Net.*
 Fascis, is, *a Fagot.*
 Torris, is, *a Fire-brand.*
 Sentis, is, *a Thorn.*
 Piscis, is, *a Fish.*
 Unguis, is, *a Nail or Claw.*
 Vermis, is, *a Worm.*
 Væctis, is, *a Door-bar.*
 Postis, is, *a Post.*
 Axis, is, *an Axle-tree.*

6. Lastly, all Nouns which end either
 in { a er, } as { Venter, tris, a Belly. } are of the
 { os, } { Logos, gi, a Speech. } Masculine
 { us, } { Annus, ni, a Year. } Gender.

a Ter Mater, tris, a Mother, is of the Feminine Gender though
 it end in er.

b And these Nouns that end in [us] are of the Feminine
 Gender, viz.

Humus, m, the Ground.
 Domus, mi, or us, a House.
 Alvus, vi, the Paunch.
 Colus, li, a Spindle or Distaff.
 Ficus, ci, & cus, a Fig or fig-tree.
 Acus, cus, a Needle.
 Porticus, cus, a Porch.
 Tribus, us, a Tribe.
 Socrus, us, a Mother in law.
 Nurus, us, a Daughter in law.

Manus;

Englished and Explained.

7

Manus, ūs, a Hand.

Pl. Idus, uum, the Ides of a Month.

Anus, ūs, an old Wise.

Vannus, ni, a Vane.

Likewise Greek words which change os into us are of
the Feminine Gender, as,

Papyrus, ri, Paper.

Antidotus, ti, a Preservative against Payson.

Costus, ti, the herb Ale-cost.

Diphthongus, gi, a Diphthong.

Byllus, si, fine Flax.

Abyssus, si, a bottomless Pit.

ChrySTALLus, li, Crystal.

Synodus, di, an Assembly.

Saphyrus, ri, a Saphyr.

Erenus, mi, a WilderNESS.

Arctus, ti, Charles Wain.

2. Exception: Neuters.

1. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, though they do not
increase in the Genitive case, viz.

1. Nouns that end in [e] in the Nominative case, and make [is]
in the Genitive case, are of the Neuter Gender, as,

Mare,, is, the Sea.

Rete, is, a Net.

2. All Nouns that end in [on] and [um] in the Nominative
case singular, are of the Neuter Gender, as,

Barbiton, ti, a Lute.

Ovum, vi, an Egg.

C

3. Also

3. Also these four Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, viz.

Hippomanes, nis, a piece of flesh in a Colts forehead.

Cacoethes, is, an evil Custom.

Virus, invariab. Poyson.

Pelagus, gi, the Sea.

4. This Noun Vulgus, gi, the Common People, is both of the Masculine and Neuter Gender.

3. Exception. Doubtfuls.

These Nouns are of the Doubtful Gender, viz.

Talpa, æ, a Mole.

Dama, æ, a fallow Deer.

Canalis, is, a Channel.

* Halcyonis, is, a Kings-fisher. * Halcyon is read

Finis, is, an End.

of the Feminine

Clunis, is, a Buttock.

Gender, and seems

Restis, is, a Rope.

to belong to the

Penus, ni, or us, Victuals.

third special Rule.

Amnis, is, a River.

Pampinus, ni, a Vine-leaf.

Corbis, bis, a Basket.

Linter, tris, a Cock-boat.

Torquis, is, a Gold Chain.

Specus, ci, or cūs, a Den.

Anguis, is, a Snake.

Ficus, ci, a Pile in the Fundament.

Phaselus, li, a Galliot or Barge.

Lecythus, thi, an Oyl-glass.

Atomus, mi, a little Mote.

Grossus, si, a green Fig.

Pharus, ri, a Watch-tower.

Paradisus, si, Paradise.

4. Except. Commons.

4. These Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, which increase not in the Gentive case, viz.

1. Nouns which are compounded of a Verb, and end in [a] as;

Grajugena, x, a Grecian born

Agricola, x, a Husbandman

Advēna, x, a Stranger.

Compounded &
Graius
&
Gigno
Ager, gri;
&
Colo.
Ad,
&
Venio.

2. Likewise these Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, viz:

Senex, is, an old man.

Auriga, x, a Carter.

Verna, x, a Slave.

Vates, is, a Prophet.

Extorris, is, a banished man.

Patruelis, is, a Cousin german.

Perduellis, is, an Enemy in War.

Affinis, is, a Kinsman.

Juvenis, is, a young man.

Testis, is, a Witness.

Civis, is, a Citizen.

Canis, is, a Dog or a Bitch.

Hostis, is, an Enemy.

5. The second special Rule for the Genders of common Names.

1. Nouns that have more syllables in the Genitive case, than they have in the Nominative case, are of the Feminine Gender, if the last syllable save one in the Genitive case singular be pronounced long, as,

	1	2	3	
Nom. hæc Pi-e-tas	1	2	3	} Godliness.
G. hujus Pi-e-tā-tis	1	2	3	
	1	2		
Nom. hæc Vir-tus	1	2		} Virtue.
G. hujus Vir-tū-tis	1	2	3	

1. Nouns Masculines.

1. These Nouns of one syllable are of the Masculine Gender though they increase long in the Genitive case, viz.

Sal, falis, Salt.
 Sol, solis, the Sun.
 Ren, renis, the Kidney.
 Splen, is, the Spleen.
 Car, is, a man of Caria.
 Ser, is, a man of Seres.
 Vir, ri, a Man.
 Vas, dis, a Surety.
 As, assis, a pound-weight.

Mas, ris, the Male.
 Bes, beſſis, eight ounces.
 Cres, tis, a man of Candy.
 Præs, dis, a Surety.
 Pes, pedis, a foot
 Glis, gliris, a Dormouse.
 Mos, moris, a manner.
 Flos, floris, a Flower.
 Ros, roris, the Dew.
 Tros, ois, a Trojan.
 Mus, muris, a Mouse.
 Dens, tis, a Tooth.
 Mons, tis, a Mountain.
 Pons, tis, a Bridge.
 Fons, tis, a Fountain.
 Seps, pis, a Newt.
 Gryps, phis, a Gryffon.
 Thrax, thracis, a Thracian.
 Rex, regis, a King.
 Grex, gregis, a Flock.
 Phryx, gis, a Phrygian.

2. Nouns of more syllables than one, which do end in (n) in the Nominative case singular, are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Acarnan, ānis, one of Acarnania.
 Lichen, ēnis, the herb Liverwort.
 Delphin, īnis, a fish called a Dolphin.

3. Nouns which end in (o) and signifie a body are of the Masculine Gender.

Leo, onis, a Lion.
 Curculio, onis, a Weasel,
 And these three Nouns,
 Senio, onis, the Wife of a Die.

Ternio, ōnis, the Trey.
 Sermo, ōnis, a Speech.

4. Nouns which end

in	{	er	}	as	{	Crater, ēris, a great Cup.
		or				Conditor, ōris, a Builder.
		os				Heros, ōis, a Nobleman.

5. These are of the Masculine Gender,

Torrens, tis, a Brook.
 Nefrens, tis, a weaned Pig.
 Oriens, tis, the East.

6. Many Nouns that end in Dens are of the
 Masculine Gender, as,
 Bidens, tis, a two grained fork.

7. And these Nouns are of the Masculine
 Gender, viz.

Gigas, antis, a Giant.
 Elephas, antis, an Elephant.
 Adamas, antis, an Adamant.
 Garamas, antis, a man of Garamatis.
 Tapes, ētis, Cloth of Arras.
 Lebes, ētis, a Caldron.
 Cures, ētis, a man of Creet.
 Magnes, ētis, a Load-stone.
 Meridies, ēi, Noon.

8. Nouns which are compounded of As, assis,
 are of the Masculine Gender, as,

Dodrans, antis, nine ounces.
 Semis, issis, half a pound.

9. Like-

9. Likewise thefe Nouns are of the Masculine Gender, viz.

Samnis, itis, a Samnite.
Hydrops, opis, the Dropfie.
Nycticorax, acis, a Night-Raven.
Thorax, acis, a Breast plate.
Vervex, ecis, a Bell-weather.
Phoenix, icis, a Phenix.
Bombyx, ycis, a Silk worm.

Tet Syren, enis, a Mermaid,
* Mulier, ieris, a Woman,
Soror, oris, a Sister,
Uxor, oris, a Wife,
are of the Feminine Gender.

* Mulier be-
longs rather
to the third
fpecial Rule.

2. Exception. Neuters.

1. Thefe Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, though they increafe long in the Genitive Cafe.

1. Certain Nouns of one fyllable, viz.

Mel, mellis, Honey.
Fel, fellis, Gall.
Lac, &is, Milk.
Far, farris, Spelt or Wheat.
Ver, veris, the Spring.
Cor, dis, the Heart.
Æs, aris, Brafs.
Vas, vasis, a Veffel.
Os, offis, a Bone.
Os, oris, a Mouths
Rus, ruris, the Country.

Thus, thuris, Frankincense.

Jus, juris, Law or right.

Crus, cruris, a Leg.

Pus, puris, filth or matter of a Sore.

2. Nouns of more syllables, which end either

in { al } as { Capital, ālis, a Quoit.
 { ar. } { Laquear, āris, the vaulted Roof of a house.

3. This Noun Halec, ecis, a herring, is both of the Feminine and Neuter Gender in the Singular number, and of the Feminine only in the Plural.

3. Exception. Doubtfuls.

3. These nouns are of the Doubtful Gender though they increase long in the Genitive case, viz.

Python ōnis, One possessed with a prophesying Spirit.

Scrobs, ōbis, a Ditch.

Serpens, tis, a Serpent.

Bubo, ōnis, an Owl.

Rudens, entis, a Cable Rope.

Grus, gruis, a Crane.

Perdix, dīcis, a Partridge.

Lynx, cis, a beast called an Ounce.

Limax, ācis, a Snail.

Stirps, pis, the Stock of a tree.

Calx, cis, the Heel.

Dies, ej, a day, which is of the Masculine Gender only in the Plural Number.

4. Except-

4. Exception. Commons.

4. These Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, though they increase long in the Genitive case, viz.

Parents, entis, a Father or Mother.

Author, ōris, an Author.

Infans, tis, an Infant.

Adolescens, tis, a Young man.

Dux, ducis, a Captain.

Illex, ēgis, a Lawless person.

Hares, ēdis, an Heir.

Exlex, lēgis, a Lawless person.

Nouns compounded of Frons, as,

Bifrons, tis, One that hath a double forehead.

Custos, ōdis, a Keeper.

Bos, bovis, an Oxe.

Fur, furis, a Thief.

Sus, suis, a Swine.

Sacerdos, dōtis, a Priest.

6. The third special Rule for the Genders of Common Names.

3. If a Noun have more syllables in the Genitive case singular, than it hath in the Nominative, and the last syllable save one in the Genitive be short, it is of the Masculine Gender.

¹ ²
 { Nom. San-guis }
¹ ² ³
 { Gen. San-gui-nis }

Bloud.

1. Excepti-

1. Exception. Feminines.

1. *Yet these Nouns are of the Feminine Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive Case, viz.*

1. *All Nouns of more than two syllables which end either*
in { *do* } *and make* { *dñis* } *as* { *Dulcēdo, dñis, sweetnest.*
 { *go* } *the G. in* { *gñis* } { *Compāgo, gñis, a joynr.*

2. *These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender, viz.*

Virgo, gñis, a Maid.

Grando, dñis, Hail.

Fides, dñi, Faith.

Compes, pēdis, a pair of Fetters.

Teges, gētis, a Mat.

Seges, gētis, standing Corn.

Arbor, ōris, a Tree.

Hyems, ĕmis, Winter.

*Bacchar, chāris, the Herb called Plough-mans
 Spikenard, or Ladies gloves.*

Syndon, dōnis, fine Linnen.

Gorgon, ōnis, one of the Daughters of Phorcus.

Icon, ōnis, an Image.

Amazon, ōnis, a warlike woman of Scythia.

3. *Greek Nouns which end*

in { *as* } { *Lampas, pādis, a Lamp.*
 { *is* } { *Jaspis, ĩdis, a Jasper stone.*

And these two Latine words in is, viz.

Cassis, ĩdis, an Helmet.

Cuspis, ĩdis, a Spear point.

As also Pecus, ũdis, small Cattel.

4. *These*

4. These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender, viz.

Forfex, fīcis, a pair of Scissors,

Pellex, īcis, an Harlot,

Carex, īcis, Sedge.

Supellex, lectilis, Household-stuff.

pl. hæc supellectilia, n.

Appendix, īcis, a penthouse,

Histrīx, īcis, a Porcupine.

Coxendix, īcis, an Hip.

Filix, īcis, Fern.

2. Exception of Neuters.

1. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive case.

1. All Nouns which signify a thing that hath no life, and end either

in	{	as	{	a.	Problema, āris, a hard Question.
				en.	Omen, īnis, Luck.
				ar.	Jubar, āris, the Sun-beam.
				ur.	Jecur, ōris, the Liver.
				us.	Onus, ěris, a Burden.
				put.	Occiput, itis, the hinder part of the head.
					Yet Pecten, īnis, a Comb, and Furfur, ūris, Bran, are of the Masculine Gender.

2. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, which end in er, viz.

Cadaver, ěris, a dead Corps.

Verber, ěris, a stripe.

Iter, tinĕris, a Journey.

Suber, ἔρις, *a Cork.*
 Tuber, ἔρις, *a Mushroom.*
 Uber, ἔρις, *a Dug.*
 Gingiber, ἔρις, *Ginger.*
 Laser, ἔρις, *the herb Benjamin.*
 Cicer, ἔρις, *a Vetch.*
 Piper, ἔρις, *pepper.*
 Papaver, ἔρις, *poppy.*
 Sifer, ἔρις, *a parsnip.*
 Siler, ἔρις, *an Oſier.*

3. Likewise these Nouns are of the Neuter Gender, viz.

Equor, ὄρις, *the Sea.*
 Marmor, ὄρις, *the Marble.*
 Ador, ὄρις, *Wheat.*
 Pecus, ὄρις, *Cattel.*

2. Exception of Doubtfuls,

3. These Nouns are of the Doubtful Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive case.

Cardo, δίνις, *the hinge of a door.*

Margo, ινις, *a Margent.*

Cinis, ἔρις, *Ashes.*

Obex, ἰκίς, *a Door-bolt.*

Pulvis, ἔρις, *Dust.*

Adeps, ἰπίς, *Fat.*

Pumex, ἰκίς, *a Pumice stone.*

Ramex, ἰκίς, *Burstnefs.*

Forceps, ἰπίς, *a pair of tongs.*

Anas, ἄτις, *a Duck or a Drake.*

Imbrex, ἰκίς, *a Gutter-tile.*

Culex, ἰκίς, *a Gnat.*

Yet these are most
 commonly used in
 the Masculine
 Gender.

Englished and Explained.

89

Natrix, icis, a water-Serpent.

Onyx, ycis, the nail of a mans hand, with its compounds.

Silex, icis, a Flint-stone.

4. Except. of Commons.

1. These Nouns are of the Common of two Gender, though they increase short in the Genitive case, viz.

Vigil, ilis, a Watchman.

Pugil, ilis, a Champion.

Exul, ūlis, a Banished man.

Præful, ūlis, a President.

Homo, inis, a Man or Woman.

Nemo, dat. nēmini, No body.

Martyr, yris, a Martyr.

Ligur, gūris, a man of Liguria.

Augur, ūris, a Sooth-sayer.

Arcas, ādis, one of Arcadia.

Antistes, itis, a chief Ruler.

Miles, itis, a Souldier.

Pedes, itis, a Footman.

Interpres, etis, an Interpreter.

Comes, itis, a Companion.

Hospes, itis, a Guest.

Ales, itis, a great Fowl.

Præses, idis, a President.

Princeps, ipis, a Prince.

Auceps, cūpis, a Fowler.

Eques, itis, a Horseman.

Obes, idis, a Pledge in War.

2. Many other Nouns which are derived of Verbs, are of the common of two Gender, as,

Conjux, jūgis, a Husband or Wife.

Judex

Judex, ĩcis, a Judge.

Vindex, ĩcis, a Revenger.

Opifex, ĩcis, a Workman.

Aruspex, pĭcis, a Soothsayer.

7. The Rules for the Genders of Adjectives.

1. R. Adjectives that have but one termination alone are of the common of three Gender, as,

N. Hic, hęc & hoc felix, happy.

G. Hujus felĭcis.

N. Hic, hęc & hoc audax, bold.

G. Hujus audacis.

2. R. If an Adjective have two terminations, the first termination is of the Common of two Gender, and the second of the Neuter, as,

N. Hic & hęc omnis, c. 2. & hoc omne. n. All.

3. R. If a Noun Adjective have three divers endings, the first word shall be of the Masculine, the second of the Feminine, and the third of the Neuter Gender, as,

Sacer, m. Sacra, f. Sacerum, n. Holy.

1. Obser. There are some Adjectives declined with two Articles like Substantives, yet in very deed are Adjectives, and are so used; such are these, viz.

Pauper, pĕris, poor.

Puber, ĕris, of ripe age.

Degener, ĕris, one that degenerateth.

Uber, ĕris, plentiful.

Dives

Englished and Explained.

21

Dives, it is, Rich.
 Locuples, plētis, Wealthy.
 Solpes, it is, Safe.
 Comes, it is, a Companion.
 Supestes, it is, one that overlieth.

*Besides some others which you shall find as you read
 Authors.*

2. *Obs. These Adjectives would have a certain fashion of declining of their own, id est, they will have both three Terminations, and three Articles, viz.*

Campester, belonging to the field.
Volucer, swift of Wing.
Celeber, Famous.
Celer, swift of Foot.
Saluber, Wholesom.
Pedester, belonging to a Foot-man.
Equester, belonging to a Horse-man.
Acer, Sharp or tart.
Paluster, belonging to a Fen.
Alacer, Chearful.
Sylvester, belonging to a Wood.

Which may declined thus,

N. Hic celer, m. hęc celeris, f. hoc celere,
 or hic & hęc celeris, & hoc celere.
 G. Hujus celeris.
 D. Huic celeri.

N. His acer, hęc acris, hoc acre.
 or hic & hęc acris, & hoc acre.
 G. Hujus acris.
 D. Huic acri, and so the rest.

A

A Synopsis of Propria quæ Maribus.

Propria quæ Maribus contains in it the Rules to know the Genders of Nouns

Substantives	Common	Proper	1. Masculines, at Propria quæ, &c. 2. Feminines, at Propria Fœminium, &c.	
			3. General of	Trees, at Appellativa, &c. Birds, } at Sunt etiam, &c. Beasts, } Fishes, } Nouns in um, at Omne quod, &c.
			4. Not increasing, at Nomen non crescens, &c. Whence are excepted	Masculines, at Mascula nomina, &c. Neuters, at Neutrum nomen, &c. Doubtfuls, at Incerti generis, &c. Commons, at Compositum a verbo, &c.
	Special of Nouns		5. Increasing long, at Nomen crescentis, &c. Whence are excepted	Masculines, at Mascula dicuntur, &c. Neuters, at Sunt neutralia, &c. Doubtfuls, at Sunt dubia hæc, &c. Commons, at Sunt commune, &c.
			6. Increasing short, at Nomen, &c. Whence are excepted	Feminines, at Fœminei gen. &c. Neuters, at Est neutrale, &c. Doubtfuls, at Sunt dubii, &c. Commons, at Communis generis &c.
	Adjectives	Regular	Of three Articles and	One termination, at Adjectiva, &c. Two terminations, at Sub gemina, &c. Three terminations, at At sitres variant, &c.
		Irregular	Of two Articles only, at At sunt quæ flexu, &c. Of three terminations and three articles, at Hæc proprium, &c.	

A N

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Of the Nouns in

Propria quæ Maribus,

Shewing a Young Learner how to Decline them;
with Figures also directing to the Page, wherein
to find the Rule of their Gender.

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Phoenix, icis, f.	a Pbenix	13
Phryx, gis, m.	a Phrygian	11
Pietas, atis, f.	Godliness	10
Piper, eris, n.	Pepper	18
Piscis, is, m.	a Fish	6
Pons, tis, m.	a Bridge	11
Porticus, us, f.	a Gallery	6
Postis, is, m.	a Post	6
Puber, eris, d. g.	of ripe age	10
Pugil, ilis, c. 2.	a Champion	19
Pulvis, eris, d. g.	Dust	18
Pumex, icis, d. g.	a Pumice-stone	18
Pus, puris, n.	Filth or Mattar	14
Præs, prædis, m.	a Surety	11
Præses, idis, c. 2.	a President	19
Præsul, ūlis, c. 2.	a Prelate	19
Prænestæ, is, n.	a Town in Italy now called Palestrina	2
Princeps, ipis, c. 2.	a Prince	19
Problema, atis, n.	a hard question	17
Python, ōnis, d. g.	one possessed with a propheſying Spirit	14

Rabula

R.

R Abula, æ, m. <i>a Brawler</i>	5
Ramex, æcis, d. g. <i>Bastness</i>	18
Restis, is, m. <i>a Rope.</i>	8
Rete, is, n. <i>a Net</i>	7
Ren, rēnis, m. <i>a Kidney</i>	10
Rex, regis, m. <i>a King</i>	10
Robus, ōris, m. <i>an Oak</i>	3
Ros, ōris, m. <i>the Dew</i>	11
Rudens, tis, d. g. <i>a Cable</i>	14
Rus, ruris, n. <i>the Country</i>	13

S.

S Acer, cra, crum. <i>Holy</i>	20
Sacerds, ōtis, c. 2. <i>a Priest or Nun</i>	15
Sal, falis, m. <i>Salt</i>	10
Saluber, m. salubris, f. salubre, n. vel salubris, c. 2. <i>salu-</i> <i>bre, n. wholesome</i>	21
Samnis, itis, m. <i>a Samnite</i>	13
Sanguis, inis, m. <i>Blood</i>	15
Sapphyrus, ri, f. <i>a Sapphire Stone</i>	7
Satrapa, æ, m. } <i>a Peer or Noblemen</i>	5
Satrapas, æ, m. }	
Scriba, æ, m. <i>a Scribe</i>	4
Scrobs, ōbis, d. g. <i>a Ditch</i>	14
Scurra, æ, m. <i>a Scoffer</i>	4
Seges, ætis, f. <i>Standing Corn</i>	16
Semis, issis, m. <i>half a pound</i>	12
Senex, is, c. 2. <i>an old Man or Woman</i>	9
Senio, ōnis, m. <i>the Size point</i>	11
Sentis, is, m. <i>a Thorn</i>	6

Seps,

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Seps, is, m. <i>a Serpent</i>	11
Ser, feris, m. <i>one of Seres</i>	10
Sermo ōnis, m. <i>a Speech</i>	12
Serpens, tis, d. g. <i>a Serpent</i>	14
Siler, ēris, n. <i>an Osier</i>	3
Silex, īcis, d. g. <i>a Flint-stone</i>	19
Sisser, ēris, n. <i>a Parsnip</i>	18
Socrus, cri, f. <i>a Mother in Law</i>	6
Sodalis, is, c. 2. <i>a Companion</i>	9
Sol, solis, m. <i>the Sun</i>	10
Soror, ōris, f. <i>a Sister</i>	13
Solpes, ītis, c. 2. <i>Safe</i>	21
Specus, ci, & cūs, d. g. <i>a Den</i>	8
Spinus, ni, m. <i>a Sloe-tree</i>	3
Splen, ēnis, m. <i>the Spleen</i>	10
Stirps, pis. d. g. <i>a stump, or stock of a tree</i>	11
Suber, ēris, n. <i>a Cork</i>	19
Sulmo, ōnis, m. <i>a town in Italy now called Sulmona</i>	or
Sermona	2
Supellex, lectilis, f. plur. supelleſtilia, n. <i>Household-stuff</i>	17
Superstes flītis, c. 2. <i>one that overliveth</i>	21
Sus, suis, c. 2. <i>a Swine</i>	15
Syndon, ōnis, f. <i>fine Linnen</i>	16
Synodus, di, f. <i>an Assembly</i>	7
Sylvester, m. stris, f. stre, n. vel sylvestris, c. 2. stre, n. <i>be-</i>	
<i>longing to a wood</i>	21
Syren, ēnis, f. <i>a Mermaid</i>	12

T.

TAlpa, x, d. g. <i>a Mole</i>	8
Tapes, ētis, m. <i>Tapistry</i>	12
Teges, ētis, f. <i>a Mat</i>	16
Ternio, ōnis, m. <i>a Trey point</i>	12
Testis, is, c. 2. <i>a Witness</i>	9
Thorax,	

Thorax, ācis, m. <i>a Doublet</i>	13
Thrax, thrācis, m. <i>a Thracian</i>	11
Thus, thūris, n. <i>Frankincense</i>	14
Tibur, ūris, n. <i>a Town in Italy now called Tivoli</i>	1
Torquis, is, d. g. <i>a Neck-lace</i>	8
Torrens, tis, m. <i>a Brook</i>	12
Torris, is, m. <i>a Fire-brand</i>	6
Tribus, us, f. <i>a Stock or kindred</i>	6
Tros, trois, <i>a Trojan</i>	11
Tuber, ēris, m. <i>a root-stool</i>	18
Tybris, is, m. <i>the river Tyber</i>	1
Tygris, idis, f. <i>a Tygre</i>	3

V.

V Annus, aj, f. <i>a Van to winnow Corn with</i>	7
Vas, vasis, n. <i>a Vessel</i>	13
Vas, vadis, m. <i>a Surety</i>	10
Vates, tis, c. 2. <i>a Propbet</i>	9
Uber, ēris, n. <i>a Dug or Udder</i>	18
Uber, ēris, c. 2. <i>Plentiful</i>	20
Vectis, is, m. <i>a Bar</i>	6
Venter, tris, m. <i>the Belly</i>	6
Venus, ēris, f. <i>the feigned Goddess of Beauty</i>	1
Ver, veris, n. <i>the Spring</i>	13
Verber, ēris, n. <i>a Stroke</i>	17
Vermis, is, m. <i>a Worm</i>	6
Verna, æ, c. 2. <i>a Slave</i>	9
Verres, ris, m. <i>a Boar-pig</i>	5
Vervex, ēcis, <i>a Bell-weather</i>	13
Vigil, ilis, c. 2. <i>a Watchman</i>	19
Vindex, icis, c. 2. <i>a Revenger</i>	20
Vir, viri, m. <i>a Man</i>	18
Virgilius, lii, m. <i>Virgil a famous Poet</i>	1
Virgo, ginis, f. <i>a Maid</i>	16

Virtus,

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Virtus, tūtis, f. *Virtue*

10

Virus, ri, Acc. virus, n. *Payson*. plur. caret

8

Unguis, is m. *a mans Nail*

6

Volucer, m. cris, f. cre, n. vel volucris, c.2. cre, n. *Swift*

21

Vulgus, gi, m. & n. *the Common people*

8

Vulpes, is, f. *a Fox*

3

Uxor, oris, f. *a Wife*.

13

Que

QUÆ GENUS

Explained.

These Nouns are called Heteroclites.

Which either { 1. Change their Gender or Declension.
2. Want some Case or Number.
3. Have over-much in declining.

1. Of Nouns that do change their Gender and Declension.

1. *These Nouns are of the Feminine Gender in the Singular Number, and of the Neuter in the Plural, viz.*

Pergamus, mi, f. the City	Pluraliter	Pergama, orum, n.
Pergamus.		
Supellex, &tilis, f. household stuff.		Supelle&tilia, ium.

2. *These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the singular number, and of the Masculine and Neuter in the plural, viz.*

Rastrum, tri, a Rake	Pluraliter	Rastri & rastra,	} orum.
Frænum, ni, a Bridle		Fræni & fræna	
Filum, li, a Thread		Fili & fila,	
Capistrum, tri, an headstall		Capistri & capistra,	

3. *These*

3. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the singular Number, and of the Masculine only in the Plural, viz.

Cœlum, li, Heaven,	} Pluraliter	Cœli, orum,
Argos, gi, the City Argos,		Argi, orum.

4. These Nouns are of the Neuter Gender in the singular Number, and of the Feminine in the Plural, viz.

Nundinum, ni,	} Pluraliter	Nundinæ, arum, a Fair.
Epulum, li,		Epulæ, arum, a Banquet.
* Balneum, ei,		Balnæ, arum, Baths.

* Though Juvenal hath Balnea, orum, in the Plural Number.

5. These Nouns are of the Masculine Gender in the singular Number, and of the Neuter in the Plural.

† Mænalus, li, the hill Mænalus	} Pluraliter	Mænala	} orum
Dindymus, mi, the hill Dindymus		Dindyma	
Ismarus, ri, the hill Ismarus,		Ismara	
Tartarus, ri, Hell,		Tartara	
Taygetus, the hill Taygetus,		Taygeta	
Tænarus, ri, the cape Tænarus,		Tænara	
Massicus, ci, the hill Massicus,		Massica	
Gargarus, ri, the top of Ida,		Gargara	

† These are Names of Places.

6. These Nouns are of the Masculine Gender in the singular Number, and of both Masculine and Neuter in the Plural.

Sibilus, li, hissing,	} Pluraliter	Sibili & la,	} orum.
Jocus, ci, a Jest,		Joci & joca,	
Locus, ci, a Place,		Loci & loca,	
Avernus, ni, a Lake,		Averni & a,	

2. Of Nouns that want either Case or Number.

1. These Nouns are called Aptots which change no Case, as,

Nom.	{	Fas,	}	Gen.	{	Fas,	}	Right.
		Nil,				Nil,		Nothing.
		Nihil,				Nihil,		Like.
		Instar,				Instar,		

2. Which end in	{	u	}	as	{	Cornu, a Horn.
		i				Genu, a Knee.
						Gummi, Gum.
						Frugi, Thrift.

3. These are also Aptots, viz.

Plu.	{	Hæc Tempe, pleasant Woods and Meadows in Thessaly
		Hi, hæc } Tot, so many.
		& hæc } Quot, how many.

4. All Nouns of number from three to an hundred are called Aptots, as,

Pl. Hi, hæc, & hæc	{	Quatuor, four.
		Decem, ten.
		Quadraginta, forty.

2. These Nouns are called Monoptots, which have but one Case only, as,

Abl. hoc	{	Noctu, by night.
		Natu, by birth.
		Iussu, by bidding.
		Injussu, without bidding.
		Astu, by craft. Pl. Acc. Astus.
		Promptu, by speed.
	{	Permissu, by sufferance.

Acc.

Englished and Explained.

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Acc. Has Inficias, a Denial.

3. These Nouns are called Diptots, which have only two cases, as,

N.	Fors;	chance, 3. d. f. g.	
Abl.	Forte;		
G.	Spontis,	of his own accord, 3. d. f.	
Abl.	Sponte;		
N.	Plus;	more, 3. d. c. 3.	
G.	Pluris,		
G.	Repetundarum,	Bribery, f.	
Abl.	Repetundis,		
G.	Jugeris,	an Acre, n.	
Abl.	Jugere,		
G.*	Verberis,	a stripe.	* Verber
Abl.	Verbere,		is read.
N.	Suppetiz,	aid, f.	
Acc.	Suppetias,		
N.	Tantundem,	so much, n.	
G.	Tantidem,		
G.	Impetis,	violence, m.	
Abl.	Impete,		
Acc.	Vicem;	a course or turn.	
Abl.	Vice,		

Whereof only these four Verberis, Vicem, Plus, and Jugeris, have the whole Plural Number

4. These Nouns are called Triptots, which have three Cases only, as

G.	Precis;		The Da-
Acc.	Preceum	Prayer, f.	tive case
Abl.	Prece;		Preci
G.	Opis;		is read in
Acc.	Opem,	Help, f.	Terence.
Abl.	Ope;		

E x

4: These

5. These two Nouns, Frugis, f. Corn.

And † Ditionis, f. of a Title

Seem to want the Nominative case.

† Yet Fruges and Dittio are in use.

6. This Noun Vis, f. Force, wants only the Dat. case singular.

7. These kind of Nouns want the Vocative Case.

1. Relatives, as,

Qui, m. quæ, f. quod, n. which.

2. Interrogatives, as,

Ecquis, m. ecquæ, or ecqua, f. ecquid, n. who.

3. Distributives, as,

Nullus, a, um, None.

Neuter, tra, trum, Neither.

Omnis, ne, All.

4. Indefinites, as,

Quilibet, qualibet, quodlibet, any one.

Alter, tera, terum, another.

5. All Pronouns except the se four

Noster, tra, trum, Our.

Nostras, e. 3, Of our Country.

Meus, mea, meum, Mine.

Tu, Thou.

8. First all Proper Names that do signifie one thing, do want the Plural Number, as,

Mars, tis, m. the god Mars.

Cato, onis, m. the man Cato.

Gallia, æ, f. France.

Roma, æ, f. Rome.

Ida, æ, f. the hill Ida.

Tagus, gi, m. the river Taio in Spain.

Lxlaps, pis, m. the dog Tempest.

Parnassus, si, m. the hill Parnassus.

Bucephalus, li, m. the horse Bucephalus.

2. These

2. These kind of Common Names want also the Plural Number.

1. Of things given by weight, as,

Piper, cris, n. Pepper.

Saccharum, ri, n. Sugar.

2. Of Herbs, as,

Absynthium, thii, n. Wormwood.

Salvia, æ, f. Sage.

3. Of moist things, as,

Zythum, thi, n. Ale.

Cervisia, æ, f. Beer.

4. Of Metals, as,

Aurum, ri, n. Gold.

Argentum, ti, n. Silver.

9. These Nouns of the Neuter Gender have only the Nominative, the Accusative, and Vocative cases in the Plural Number, viz.

Hordeum, ei, n. Barley.

Far, farris, n. Bread Corn.

Forum, fori, n. the Market.

Mel, mellis, n. Honey.

Mulsum, si, n. Wine.

Defrutum, ti, n. Wine sodden to the balf.

Thus, thuris, n. Frankincense.

10. These Nouns of the Masculine Gender want the Plural Number.

Hesperus, ri, the Evening star.

Vesper, ris, the Evening.

Pontus, ti, the Sea.

Limus, mi, Mud.

Fimus, mi, Dung.

* Nemo wants Penus, ni, & nūs, d. g. provision for Victuals.
 the Gen. and Sanguis, inis, Blood.
 Voc. cases and Æther, Æris, the Sky.
 Plur. number. * Nemo, dat. nemini, e. i. no body.

11. These Nouns of the Feminine Gender do want
 the Plural number.

Pubes, is, Ripe age.

Salus, ūtis, Health.

Talio, ōnis, like for like.

Indoles lis, towardness.

Tussis, is, Acc. Tussim, the Cough.

Pix, icis, Pitch.

Humus, mi, the Ground.

Lues, is, the Murrain.

Sitis, is, Thirst.

Fuga, æ, Flight.

Quies, ætis, Rest.

Cholera, æ, Cholera.

Fames, is, Hunger.

Biles, is, Cholera.

Senecta, æ, Old age.

Juventus, ūtis, Youth.

Soboles, is, an Off-spring.

Lues, is, a spot.

12. All Nouns of the fifth Declension will have only three
 like cases in the Plural Number, i. e. the Nominative,
 Accusative, and Vocative, except

Res, rei, a thing.

Species, ei, a kind.

Facies, ei, a Face.

Acies, ei, an edge.

Dies, ei, a day.

Which Nouns have the whole Plural Number.

13. There

13. There are also many other Feminines which want the Plural Number, as these.

Stultitia, tis, Folly.

Invidia, x, Envy.

Sapientia, x, Wisdom.

Defidia, x, Sloth.

And many others which you shall find in reading Authors.

14. These Nouns of the Neuter Gender want the Plural Number, viz.

Delicium Delicium, eſt, a Thing wherein we delight.

Senium, niſ, Old age.

Lethum, thi, Death.

Cœnum, ni, Dirt.

Salum, li, the Sea.

Barathrum, thri, Hell.

Virus, invariab. Poyſon.

Vitrum, tri, Glaſs.

Viſcum, ſci, Bird-lime.

Penum, ni, proviſion of Viſuals.

Juſtitium, tii, the Vacation.

Nihilum, li, Nothing.

Ver, veris, the Spring.

Lac, laſtis, Milk.

Haleceſis Gluten, inis, Glue.

Halec, ecis, a Herring.

Gelu, Froſt.

Solium, lii, a Throne.

Jubar, aris, the Sun-beam.

And if you find any ſuch as theſe as you read, you may put them in this Rule.

15. These Nouns of the Masculine Gender want the Singular Number, viz.

Manes, ium, Spirits.
 Majores, ōrum, Ancestors.
 Cancelli, ōrum, Lattices.
 Liberi, ōrum, Children.
 Antes, tium, the first Rankes of Vines.
 Menfes, fium, Womens flowers.
 Lemures, rum, Hobgoblins.
 Fasti, ōrum, Registers.
 Minores, ōrum, Posterity.
 Natales, ium, the degree of Bloud.
 Penates, tium, household Gods.
 Gabij, ōrum, } People in Italy.
 Locri, ōrum, }

And many more besides.

16. These Nouns of the Feminine Gender want the Singular Number, viz.

Exuvix, ārum, an Adders slough.
 Phaleræ, ārum, Horse Trappings.
 † No, Ac. † Grates, Thanks.
 Vec. only. Manubiæ, ārum, Spoils.
 Idus, ūm, the Ides of a Month.
 Antix, ārum, Forelocks.
 Induciæ, ārum, Truce.
 Infidiæ, ārum, Wiles.
 Minæ, ārum, Threatning.
 Excubiæ, ārum, Watch and Watchmen.
 Nonæ, ārum, the Nones of a Month.
 Nugæ, ārum, Trifles.
 Tricæ, cārum, Threads about Chickens feet.
 Calendæ, ārum, the Calends of a Month.

Quisquiliæ,

Quisquilix, ārum, Sweepings.

Thormx, ārum, Warm Baths.

Cunx, ārum, a Cradle.

Dirx, ārum, Cursing.

Exequix, ārum, Funeral Rites.

Ferix, ārum, Holy days.

Inferix, ārum, Sacrifices for the dead.

Primitix, ārum, First fruits.

Plagx, gārum, Hunters Ness.

Valvz, ārum, double Doors.

Divitix, ārum, Riches.

Nuptix, ārum, a Wedding.

Lactes, ārum, the Small Guts.

Thebx, ārum, } the City } Thebes,

Athenx, ārum, } Athens.

And many more names of Places.

17. These Nouns of the Neuter Gender want the Singular Number, viz.

Mœnia, ōrum, Walls of a City.

Tesquæ, ōrum, Craggy places.

Præcordiâ, ōrum, the Midriff.

Lustra, ōrum, Dens.

Arma, ōrum, Weapons.

Mapalia, ōrum, Sheads.

Bellaria, ōrum, Fungates.

Munia, ōrum, Offices.

Castra, ōrum, Tents.

Iusta, ōrum, Sacrifices for the dead.

Sponsalia, ōrum, a Contract before Marriage.

Rostra, ōrum, a Pulpit.

Crepundia, ōrum, a Rattle.

Cunabula, ōrum, a Cradle.

Extæ, ōrum, Entrails.

Effata, ōrum, *muttering Prayers.*
 Bacchanālia, ium, & ōrum, *Bacchus his feast.*

Of Nounes which have overmuch.

3. These Nouns have divers Genders and Terminations, viz.

Tonitrus, ūs, m.	{ Thunder.
Tonitru, indecl. n.	
Clypeus, ois, m.	{ a Buckler.
Clypeum, ei, n.	
Baculus, ī, m.	{ a Staff.
Baculum, lī, n.	
Sensus, ūs, m.	{ a Sense.
Sensum, ū, n.	
Tignus, nī, m.	{ Sense or meaning.
Tignum, nī, n.	
Tapētum, tī, n.	{ a Rafter.
Tapēte, tī, n.	
Tapes, ētis, m.	{ Tapestry.
Punctus, tī, m.	
Punctum, tī, n.	{ a Point.
Sināpi, indecl. n.	
Sināpis, is, f.	{ Mustard.
Sinus, ūs, m.	
Sinum, nī, n.	{ a Milk pail.
Menda, x, f.	
Mendum, dī, n.	{ a Fault.
Viscus, cī, m.	
Viscum, cī, n.	{ Bird-lime.
Cornu, ind. n.	
Cornum, nī, n.	{ a Horn.
Cornus, ūs, m.	

the Wing of an Army.

Eventus,

Eventus, tūs, m. } an event or chance.
Eventum, ti, n. }

And many such as these you shall find as you read Authors.

2. There are some Greek words which make a new Latine word in their Accusative case, as of

Panther, ēris, m. a Panther	} cometh	Panthēra,	} a.
Crater, ēris, m. a Cup		Catera,	
Cāssis, idis, f. an Helmet		Calsida,	
Æther, ēris, m. the Sky		Æthēra,	

These Nouns do change their Nominative case, but still keep the same Gender and signification, viz.

Gibbus, bi, m.	} a bunch,
Gibber, ēris, m.	
Cūcumis, is, m.	} a swelling in the back.
Cūcumer, ēris, m.	
Stipis, is, f.	} a Cucumber.
Stips, pis, f.	
Cinis, ēris, d. g.	} hirelings wages.
Ciner, ēris, d. g.	
Vomer, ēris, m.	} ashes.
Vomis, ēris, m.	
Scobis, is, f.	} a plough-share
Scobs, bis, f.	
Pulvis, ēris, d. g.	} saw-dust.
Pulver, ēris, d. g.	
Pubes, is, f.	} dust.
Puber, ēris, c. 2.	
	} ripeness of age,

To which you may add words that have both *or* and *os*,
in the Nominative case, as,

Honor, ōris, m.	} Honour.
Honos, ōris, m.	
Labor, ōris, m.	} Labour.
Labos, ōris, m.	
Odor, ōris, m.	} a Scent.
Odos, ōris, m.	

Also add to these

Apes, is, f.	} a Bee.
Apis, is, f.	
Plebs, is, f.	} common people.
Plebes, ei, f.	

There are also many Nouns borrowed from the Greeks, which
admit of a double manner of declining, as,

Delphin, inis, m.	} a Dolphin.
Delphinus, ni, m.	
Elephas, antis, m.	} an Elephant.
Elephantus, ti, m.	
Congrus, gri, m.	} a Conger
Conger, gri, m.	
Meleāgrus, gri, m.	} These are names of Men.
Meleāger, gri, m.	
Teucrus, cri, m.	
Teucer, cri, m.	

And if you find any such you may put them into this Rule.

4. These Nouns are of the second and fourth Declension, viz.

Laurus, ri, & rūs, f. a Bay-tree.

Quercus, ci, & cūs, f. an Oak.

Pinus

Pinus, ni, & nūs, f. a Pine tree.

Ficus, ci, & cūs, f. a Fig-tree.

Colus, li, & lūs, f. a Distaff.

Penus, ni, & nūs, d. g. *Viſuals.*

Cornus, ni, & nūs, f. a Dog-tree.

Lacus, ci, & cūs, m. a Lake.

† Domus, mi, & mūs, f. a House.

† Domus

bath not

me mu, in

the ſing.

nor mi

mis in the

pl. number.

Though they be not found ſo in all caſes, you may meet
with many ſuch as theſe.

5. There are alſo many *Adjectives* which have too much, but
eſpecially thoſe which are derived of theſe *Subſtantives*,
viz.

Arma, ōrum, *Weapons.*

Jugum, gi, the top of an hill.

Nervus, vi, a *Sinew.*

Somnus, ni, *Sleep.*

Clius, vi, a *ſteep Bank.*

Animus, mi, the *Mind*

Limus, mi, *Mud*

Cera, æ, *Wax.*

Frænum, ni, a *Bridle.*

Bacillum, li, a *little ſtaff.*

Which are either of three *Terminations*, or three
Articles, as of

Arma cometh	{	Inermus, a, um,	{	unweaponed.
		and		
		Inermis, me,		

This word *Hilarus*, Merry, is very ſeldom read, but
Hilaris, is very common.

Heteroclites are either

2. Deficient, which want their

1. Number, and that either

1. Plural
Sing.

1. Case

1. Variant

1. *Feminines* in the singular and *Neuters* in the plural, at *Hæc genus*, &c.2. *Neuters* in the singular and } *Masculines* and *Neuters* in the plural, at *Dat prior*, &c.} Only *Masculines* in pl. at *Sed audi*, &c.3. *Masculines* in the singular, and } *Feminines* in the pl. at *Nundinum*, &c.} *Neuters* in the pl. at *Hæc maribus*, &c.} Both *Masculine* and *Neuter* in the plural, at *Numerus Genus*, &c.1. *Aprots*, at *Quæ nullum*, &c.2. *Monoprots*, at *Estque Monoprototon*, &c.3. *Diprots*, at *Sunt Diprōta*, &c.4. *Triprotts*, at *Tres quibus*, &c.5. Which want only the } *Nom. & Voc.* at *At tantum*, &c.
} *Dat.* at *Integra vox*, &c.
} *Voc.* at *Quæ referunt*.Proper names, at *Propria cuncta*, &c.

Grain.

Common names of } Things deliver'd by weight
} Herbs, moist things, at *Hil frumenta*, &c.*Masculines*, at *Hesperus*, &c.*Feminines*, at *Singula feminei*, &c.*Neuters*, at *Nec lices bis*, &c.*Masculines*, at *Mascula sunt*, &c.*Feminines*, at *Hæc sunt feminei*, &c.*Neuters*, at *Rarius hæc*, &c.1. *Divers genders & declensions*, at *Hæc quasi*, &c.2. Which make a new word of the *Accusative* case, at *Sed tibi*, &c.3. Two *Nominative* cases, at *Vertitur bis*, &c.4. Two *Declensions*, at *Hæc simul*, &c.5. *Adjectives* of three *Terminations*, and three *Articles*, at *Et quæ luxurians*, &c.

AN

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Tu, tui, <i>Thou</i>	42
Tussis, is, i, im, is, i, pl. caret, <i>the Cough</i>	44

V

VAlvæ, arum, f. <i>Foulding doors</i>	47
Ver, veris, n. <i>the Spring</i>	45
Verberis, Gen. verbere, Abl. of a stripe, pl. verbera, rum, &c. <i>stripes</i>	41
Vesper, ri, m. pl. caret, <i>the Evening</i>	43
Vicem, Acc, vice, Abl. by turn, Pl. Vices, vicium, &c. <i>Turns or Courses</i>	41
Virus, ri, Acc. & Voc. rus, n. <i>Poyson</i>	45
Vis, G. vis, Dat. caret. Acc. vim. Voc. vis, Abl. vi, f. pl. vires, virium, &c. <i>strength</i>	42
Viscum, ci, n. } <i>Birdlime</i>	45, 48
Viscus, ci, m.	
Vitrum, tri, n. pl. caret, <i>Glass</i>	45
Vomer, eris, } <i>m. a Plough-share.</i>	49
Vomis, is,	

Z

Zythum, i, n. <i>Ale</i>	43
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AS

AS IN PRÆSENTI

Explained.

I. Rules to know the Preterperfect tense of simple Verbs of the first Conjugation.

1. If a Verb end in As in the second person of the Present tense, the Preterimperfect tense shall end in avi; as,

No, nas, navi, to Swim.
Vocito, as, avi, to Call often.

1. Except these Verbs, viz:

	Pres. tense.	Preter.	Supine.
* Some of these Verbs sometimes have a Preterperfect tense avi.	* Lavo, as,	lavi,	lotum, to Wash.
	Juvo, as,	juvi,	jutum, to Help.
	Nexo, as,	nexui,	nexum, to Knit.
	Seco, as,	secui,	sectum, to Cut.
	Neco, as,	necui,	nestum, to Kill.
	Mico, as,	micui,	caret, to Shine.
	Plico, as,	plicui,	plicitum, to Fold.
	Frico, as,	fricui,	frictum, to Rub.
	Domo, as,	domui,	domitum, to Tame.
	Tono, as,	tonui,	tonitum, to Thunder.
	Sono, as,	sonui,	sonitum, to Sound.
	Creπο, as,	crepui,	crepitum, to Crack.
	Veto, as,	vetui,	vetitum, to Forbid.
	Cubo, as,	cubui,	cubitum, to Lie down.
	Do, das,	dedi,	datum, to Give.
	Sto, stas,	steti,	statum, to Stand.

2. Verbs

2. Verbs of the second Conjugation.

1. If a Verb end in *es*, in the second person singular of the Present tense, it will make the first person of the Preterperfect tense to end in *ui*, as,

Nigreo, es, nigrui.

1. Except these Verbs, viz.

<i>Jubeo, es,</i>	<i>jussi,</i>	<i>jussum, to command.</i>
<i>Sorbeo, es,</i>	<i>{ sorbui,</i>	<i>{ sorptum, to sup.</i>
	<i>{ sorpsi,</i>	
<i>Mulceo, es,</i>	<i>mulsi</i>	<i>mulsum, to assuage.</i>
<i>Luceo, es,</i>	<i>luxi,</i>	<i>caret, to shine.</i>
<i>Sedeo, es,</i>	<i>sedī,</i>	<i>sessum, to sit.</i>
<i>Video, es,</i>	<i>vidi,</i>	<i>visum, to see.</i>
<i>Prandeo, es,</i>	<i>prandi,</i>	<i>pransum, to dine.</i>
<i>Strideo, es,</i>	<i>stridi,</i>	<i>caret, to creak.</i>
<i>Suadeo, es,</i>	<i>suasi,</i>	<i>suasum, to persuade.</i>
<i>Rideo, es,</i>	<i>risi,</i>	<i>risum, to laugh.</i>
<i>Ardeo, es,</i>	<i>arsi,</i>	<i>arsum, to glow.</i>

2. The first syllable of the Preterperfect tense is doubled in these four Verbs, viz.

<i>Pendeo, es,</i>	<i>pependi,</i>	<i>pensum, to hang.</i>
<i>Mordeo, es,</i>	<i>momordi,</i>	<i>morsum, to bite.</i>
<i>Spondeo, es,</i>	<i>spospondi,</i>	<i>sponsum, to betroth.</i>
<i>Tondeo, es,</i>	<i>totondi,</i>	<i>tonsum, to clip.</i>

3. If *L* or *R* come before *geo*, in the Present tense, the Preterimperfect tense shall end in *si*, as,

<i>Urgeo, es,</i>	<i>urfi,</i>	<i>ursum, to urge.</i>
<i>Mulgeo, es,</i>	<i>{ mulsi,</i>	<i>{ mulctum, to milk.</i>
	<i>{ mulxi,</i>	

Frigeo,

Frigeo, es,	frixi	caret, to be cold
Lugeo, es,	luxi	luctum, to lament
Augco, es	auxi	auctum, to increase

4. Likewise

Fleo, fles	flevi,	fletum, to weep
Leo, les,	levi,	letum, to imprint
Deleo, es,	delevi,	deletum, to put out
Pleo, es,	plevi,	pletum, to fill
Neo, es	nevi,	netum, to spin
Maneo, es,	mansi,	mansum, to tarry
Torqueo, es	torfi,	{ torbum, } to wrest
		{ torfum, }
Hareo, es,	harsi,	hasum, to stick

5. If a Verb end in Veo, the Preterperfect tense shall end in vi, as

Ferveo, es,	fervi,	caret, to be hot
Niveo, es,	nivi, nixi,	caret, to snow
Conniveo, es,	connivi, & connixi,	to wink
Cieo, es,	civi,	citum, to trouble
Vico, es,	vievi,	victum, to bind

3. Of the Preterperfect tense of Verbs of the third Conjugation.

The Preterperfect tense of Verbs of the third Conjugation may be known by the ending of the first person of the Present tense, as,

Bo Bi, as Lambo, is, lambi, caret, to lick
 Except Scribo, is, scripsi, scriptum, to write
 Nubo, is, nupsi, nuptum, to be married
 Cumbo, is, cubui, cubitum, to lie down.

Co Ci, as Vinco, is, vici, victum, to overcome

But Parco, is, { peperci, } to spare
 { parsi }

Dico, is, dixi, dictum, to speak

Duco, is, duxi, ductum, to lead

Do Di, as Mando, is, mandi, mansum, to eat

But Scindo, is, scidi, scissum, to cut

Findo, is, fidi, fissum, to cleave

Fundo, is, fudi, fustum, to pour out

Tundo, is, tutedi, tunsun, to knock

Pendo, is, pependi, pensum, to weigh

Tendo, is, tetendi, tensum, to stretch

Pedo, is, pepedi, peditum, to fare

Cado, is, cecidi, casum, to fall

Crado, is, cecidi, crasum, to beat

Cedo, is, cessi, cessum, to give place

Vado, is, vasi, vasum, to go

Rado, is, rasi, rasum, to shave

Lædo, is, læsi, læsum, to hurt

Ludo, is, lusi, lusum, to play

Divido, is, divisi, divisum, to divide

Trudo, is, trusi, trusum, to thrust

Claude

If the Present tense end in

The Preterperfect tense shall end in

As in Praesenti

Claudo, is, clausi, clausum, to shut.

Plaudo, is, plausi, plausum, to clap hands.

Rodo, is, rosi, rosum, to gnaw.

Go

Xi, as Jungo, is, junxi, junctum, to joyn.

But if there be

R before go,

that Verb will

make fi,

as Spargo, is, sparsi, spar-
sum, to sprinkle.

Yet Lego, is, legi, lectum, to read.

Ago, is, egi, actum, to do.

Tango, is, tetigi, tactum, to touch.

Pungo, is, { punxi, punctum, to prick.
pupugi,

Frango, is, fregi, fractum, to break.

pepigi, to make a bargain

Pango, is, pegi, pactum, to joyn.

panxi, to sing.

Ho

Xi, as Traho, is, traxi, tractum, to draw.

Veho, is, vexi, vectum, to carry.

Lo

Ui, as Colo, is, colui, cultum, to worship.

{ Pfallo to sing.

But { and falli, saltum,

{ Sallo to salt.

{ velli, and vulsum, to pluck.

{ vulsi,

Fallo, is, fefelli, falsum, to deceive.

Cello, is, ceculi, cussam, to break.

Pello, is, pepuli, pulsum, to drive away.

Mo

Ui, as Vomo, is, vomui, vomitum, to vomit.

Emo, is, emi, emptum, to buy.

Cemo, is, comphi, comptum, to comb.

Promo

If the Present tense end in

The Preterperfect tense shall end in

If the Present tense end in

Sco

To

Ecto

Vo

Xo

The Preterfect tense shall end in

Incesso, is, incessivi, incessitum }
 Lacesso, is, lacecivi, laceciturum } to provoke
 But, Capesso, is, } capecivi, capeciturum } to take
 } capecivi, capeciturum } in hand
 Facecso, is, facecivi, faceciturum, to make
 Viso, is, visivi, visiturum, to visit
 Pinso, is, pinsivi, pinxitum, to bake

Vi, as, Pasco, is, pasci, pasciturum, to feed
 Tet Posco, is, poposci, to require
 Disco, is, didici, to learn
 Quinisco, is, quexi, to nod with the head

Ti, as, Verto, is, verti, versum, to turn
 Tet, Sisto, is, stiti, statum, to make to stand
 Mitto, is, misi, missum, to send
 Peto, is, } petivi } Petiturum, to ask
 } or
 } petivi
 Sterto, is, stertui, to snore
 Meto, is, messui, messum, to mow

Xi, as, Flecto, is, flexi, flexum, to bend
 But, Pecto, is, } pexi, } pexum, to comb
 } pexui,
 Necto, is, } nexi, } nexum, to knit
 } nexui,

Vi, as, Volvo, is, volvi, volutum, to roll over
 Tet, Vivo, is, vixi, victum, to live

Uli, as, Nexo, is, nexui, nexum, to bind
 Tet Texo, is, texui, textum, to weave

If the Present tense end in

The Preterperfect tense shall end in

Cio	Ci, <i>as</i> , Facio, is, feci, factum, to do Jacio, is, jeci, jactum, to cast But Lacio, is, lexi, lectum, to allure Specio, is, spexi, spectrum, to behold
Dio	Di, <i>as</i> , Fodio, is, fodi, fossum, to dig
Gio	Gi, <i>as</i> , Fugio, is, fugi, fugitum, to flee
Pio	Pi, <i>as</i> , Capió, is, cepi, captum, to take But Cupio, is, cupivi, cupitum, to desire Rapio, is, rapui, raptum, to snatch Sapio, is, { sapui, } sapitum, to be wise { sapivi, }
Rio,	Ri, <i>as</i> , Pario, is, peperi, partum, to bring forth young
Tio,	Ti, <i>as</i> , Quatio, is, quassí, quassum, to shake
Uo,	ui, <i>as</i> , Statuo, is, statui, statutum, to determine But Pluo, is, { pluví, } pluitum, to rain { plui, } Struo, is, struxi, structum, to build Fluo, is, fluxi, fluxum, to flow

4. Of the Preterperfect tense of Verbs of the fourth Conjugation.

1. If a Verb do end in *is*, in the second Person of the Present Tense, the first Person in the Preter Tense shall end in *ivi*, as

Scio, scis, scivi,	scitum, to know
But Venio, is, veni,	ventum, to come
Cambio, is, campsi,	campsum, to exchange
Raucio, is, rauli,	raulsum, to be hoarse
Farcio, is, farci,	fartum, to stuff
Sarcio, is, sarfi,	sartum, to patch
Sepio, is, sepsi,	septum, to hedge
Sentio, is, sensi,	sensum, to perceive
Fulcio, is, fulsi,	fultum, to prop
Haurio, is, hausi,	haustum, to draw
Sancio, is, sanxi,	sanctum, to establish
Vincio, is, vinxi,	vinctum, to bind
Salio, is, salui,	saltum, to leap
Amicio, is, amicui,	amicum, to cloath

Yet Cambivi, Sarfivi, Sepivi, Haurivi, Sancivi, Salivi, Amicivi, are sometimes read.

5. Of the Preterperfect tense of Compound Verbs.

1. The Preterperfect tense of the Compound Verb is the same with the Preterperfect tense of the simple Verb; for, as

Doceo, es,	{ makes }	docui, doctum, to teach
So Edoceo, es,		edocui, edoctum, to teach perfectly.

1. But

1. But the ſyllable which is doubled in the Preterperfect tenſe of the ſimple Verb, is not doubled when the Verb is compounded; for though

Spondeo, } makes } ſpondeo, to promiſe
 Ter Reſpondeo, } } reſponſi, to anſwer

Never- { Præcurro } makes } præcurri, to run before
 theſe { Excurro } } excurri, to run out
 And the { Repugno } } repugni, to prick again
 Com- { Do, } } peſundo, peſundedi, to quaſh
 pounds { Diſco, } as, } ediſco, edidici, to learn perfectly
 of { Sto, } } perſto, perſtiti, to ſtand firmly
 { Poſco, } } depoſco, depoſci, to deſire much
 Double the ſyllable of the Preterperfect tenſe.

2. When plico is compounded with Sub, or with a Noun, it makes plieavi in the Preterperfect tenſe, as

Supplico, as, avi, to beſeech

Multiplico, as, multiplicavi, to multiply

But { Applico, as, to apply }
 { Complico, as, to fold } makes ui, or avi
 { Replico, as, to reply }
 { Explico, as, to declare }

3. Though Oleo, to ſmell make Olui, yet every compound thereof will rather make Olevi, as,

Exoleo, exolevi, to be ſtale

Only Redoleo, redolui, to give a ſavour

Saboleo, ſubolui, to ſavour a little

4. All the Compounds of Pango, make punxi, except repungo, is, which makes repunxi, and repupugi.

5. The Compounds of Do, when it is of the third Conjugation, make didi, not dedi, as,

Credo, is	crēdidi,	creditum, to believe
Edo, is,	edidi,	editum, to set forth
Dedo, is,	dedidi,	editum, to yield
Reddo, is,	reddidi,	reditum, to restore
Perdo, is,	perdidi,	perditum, to destroy
Abdo, is,	abdidi,	abditum, to hide
Obdo, is,	obdidi,	obditum, to bolt
Condo, is,	condidi,	conditum, to build
Indo, is,	indidi,	inditum, to put in
Trado, is,	tradidi,	traditum, to deliver
Prodo, is,	prōdidi,	proditum, to betray
Vendo, is,	vendidi,	venditum, to sell

But Abscondo, is, abscondi, { absconsum, & absconditum } to hide

6. The Compounds of sto, make stiti, as, Præsto, as, præstiti, præstitum, to excel.

7. If these Verbs be compounded, they change their first Vowel in all tenses into e, viz.

Damno, as,	1	condemno, to condemn
Læsto, as,	1	allecto, to allure
Sacro, as,	1	consecro, to consecrate
Fallo, is to deceive	3	refello, refelli, refalsum, to gain-say
Arceo, es, to drive away	2	coerceo, coercui, coercitum, to restrain
Tracto, as, to handle	1	detracto to detract
Fatiscor, eris, to be weary	3	defetiscor, defessus sum

Partio, tis,	4	to divide	impertio, to bestow
Carpo, is,	3	to crop	decерpo, to pluck off
Patro, as,	1	to commit	perpetro, to commit
Scando, is,	3	to climb	ascendo, to ascend
Spargo, is,	3	to sprinkle	dispergo, to disperse
* Pario, is,	3	to bring forth	reperio, to find

* All whose Compounds are of the fourth Conjugation, and make the Preterperfect tense to end in perui, as

Aperio, is, aperui, apertum, to open

Operio, is, operui, opertum, to cover

Only { Comperio, is, } makes { Comperi, compertum, to try
 { Reperio, is, } { Reperi, repertum, to find

8. All the Compounds of Palco are declined like the simple Verb, as,

Epalco, is, epavi, epastum, to eat up

Except { Compesco, is, compescui, to pasture together.
 { Dispesco, is, dispescui, to drive from pasture

9. These Verbs being Compounded, change the first Vowel in all Tenses into i; viz.

Habeo, es, 2 Cohibeo, to restrain
 to have

Lateo, es, 2 Deliteo, to lurk
 to lie hid

Salio, is, 4 Resilio, to leap back
 to leap

Statuo, is, 3 Constituo, to appoint
 to appoint

Cado, is, 3 Occido, di, occasum, to set
 to fall

Lrdo, is, 3 Collido, to hit against
 to hurt

Pango, pegi to joyn	3	Impingo, pēgi, pactum, to stumble
Cano, is, cecini, to sing	3	Concino, concinui, con- centum, to sing together
Quæro, is, to seek	3	Requiro, to require
Cædo, is, to cut	3	Occido, occidi, occisum, to kill
Tango, is, to touch	3	Pertingo, is, tigi, tactum, to touch thorough
Egeo, es, to want	2	Indigeo, es, to want
Teneo, es, to hold	2	Retineo, es, retentum, to retain
Taceo, es, to hold ones peace	2	Reticeo, es, to say nothing
Sapio, is, to be wise	3	Desipio, is, desipitum, to play the fool well
Rapio, is, to snatch	3	Corripio, is, correptum, to snatch

Where note that the Compounds of Cano, make their Preter-
perfect tense end in ui, as,

Concino makes concinui, to sing in one tune.

10. All the Compounds of placeo, change the first Vowel
into i, as,

Displiceo, es, displicui, displicitum, to displease

Except { Complaceo, }
 & } to please well
 Perplaceo, }

11. These four Compounds of Pango keep the simple
Verb, viz.

Depango, to fasten to the ground

Oppango

Oppango, to joyne
Circumpango, to cram about
Repango, to fasten again.

12. These four Compounds of Maneo change their first Vowel of the simple Verb into i, and do make their Preterperfect tense in ui. viz.

Præmineo, es, præminui, } to excell
Emineo, es, eminui,
Promineo, es, prominui, to stand out.
Immineo, es, imminui, to hang over

The rest are like the simple Verb, as, Permaneo, es, permanfi.

13. The Compounds of these Verbs change a into u, viz.

Scalpo, is, 3 Exculpo, to grave
Calco, as, 1 Inculco, to tread upon
Salto, as, 1 Resulto, to leap back.

14. These Verbs being compounded, cast away a, viz.

Clando } Occludo, is, occlusi, to shut up
to shut } Excludo, is, exclusi, to shut out
Quatio } Percutio, is, percussi, to smite
to shake } Excutio, is, excussi, to shake off
Lavo } Proluo, is, prolui, to wash much
to wash } Diluo, is, dilui, to rinse

15. These Verbs do change the first Vowel of the present tense (and the tenses formed thereof) into i, but not of the Preterperfect tense, nor of the tenses formed of it ;
as Ago makes Egi, Exigo makes exegi exactum
to do to require

Emo,
to buy

Sedeo,
to sit

Rego,
to rule

Frango,
to break

Capio,
to take

Jacio,
to cast

Lacio,
to insnare

Specio,
to behold

Tremo,
to press

Perimo, perēmi, peremptum,
to destroy

Consideo, confēdi, confessum,
to sit together

Corrigo, correxi, correctum,
to correct

Refringo, refregi, refractum,
to break open

Incipio, incepti, inceptum,
to begin

Conjicio, conjeci, conjectum,
to cast together

Allicio, allexi, allectum,
to allure

Respicio, respexi, respectum,
to look back

Reprimo, repressi, repressum,
to repress

But *Perago*, and *Satago*, are declined like the single Verb *Agere*: and *Degeo*, to live, and *Cogeo*, to compel, cast away the middle syllable.

So likewise of *Rego* to rule, are made *Pergo*, to go forward, and *Surgo* to arise.

16. The Verb *Facio*, changeth nothing, except it be compounded with a Preposition, as in,

Olfacio, to make to smell

Calfacio, to make warm

Inficio, to infect

17. If *Lego* be compounded with *re*, *se*, *per*, *præ*, *sub*, or *trans*? it still keeps the Vowel of the *Præsenti* tense *e*, but all the other compounds change *e* into *i*, whereof *Intelligo*, to understand, *Diligo* to love, and *Negligo*, to neglect, make the *Præterperfect* tense *lexi*, all the rest *legi*.

6. Of the Supines of simple Verbs.

N.B. The Supine may be known by the Preterperfect tense, as,

Bi, tum, as, Bibo, 3 bibi, bibitum, to drink

Ci, tum, as, Vinco, 3 vici, victum, to conquer

Ico, 3 ici, ictum, to strike

Facio, 3 feci, factum, to make

Jacio, 3 jeci, jactum, to cast

Di, sum, as, Video, 2 vidi, visum, to see

Yet these Verbs do double [s] viz.

Pando, 3 pandi, passum, to spread

Sedeo, 2 sedi, sessum, to sit

Scindo, 3 scidi, scissum, to cut

Findo, 3 fidi, fissum, to cleave

Fodio, 3 fodi, fossum, to dig

N.B. And here you must observe, that syllable which is doubled in the Preterperfect tense is never doubled in the Supines: thus,

Tondeo, 2 totondi, tonsum, to clip

Cædo, 3 cecidi, cæsum, to cut

Cado 3 cecidi, casum, to fall

Tendo, 3 tetendi } tensum, } to
tentum. } stretch.

Tundo, 3 tutudi, tunsom, to knock

Pedo, 3 pepedi, peditum, to fart

Do, 1 dedi, datum, to give

Gi, sum, as, Lego, 3 legi, lectum, to read

Pango, 3 } Pegi, to joyn

3 } pepigi, pactum, to covenant

Frango 3 fregi, fractum, to break

Tango

If the Preterperfect tense end in

The Supine shall end in

If the Preterperfect tense end in

The Supine shall end in

Li,

Tango, 3 tetigi, tactum, to touch
 Ago, 3 egi, actum, to do
 Pungo, 3 pupugi, punctum, to prick
 Fugio, 3 fugi, fugitum, to flee

Mi,

Sum, as Sallo, 3 falli, factum, to powder
 Pello, 3 pepuli, pulsus, to drive away
 Cello, 3 ceculi, cussus, to break
 Fallo, 3 fefelli, falsus, to deceive
 Vello, 3 velli, vultus, to pull up
 Fero, 3 tuli, latum, to bear

Ni,

tum, as Venio, veni, ventum, to come
 Cano, cecini, captum, to sing

Pi,

um, as Capió, cepi, captum, to take
 Cœpio, cœpi, cœptum, to begin
 Rumpo, rupi, ruptum, to break

Qui,

tum, as Linquo, 3 liqui, lictum, to leave

Ri,

sum, as Verro, 3 verri, versum, to brush
 But. Pario, 3 peperi, partum, to bring forth

Si,

sum, as Viso, 3 visi, visum, to visit
 Mitto, 3 misi, missum, to send
 Fulcio, 4 fulsi, fultum, to underprop
 Haurio, 4 hausi, haustum, to draw
 Sarcio, 4 farsii, fartum, to patch
 Farcio, 4 farci, fartum, to stuff
 Uro, 3 ussi, ustum, to burn
 Gero, 3 gessi, gestum, to bear
 Torqueo
 torssi 2 } tortum, } to wrest
 Indulgeo
 indulsi 2 } torsum, }
 2 } indulsum, } to pamper
 2 } indultum, }

Psi,

If the Preterperfect end in

Pſi,	tum, as Scribo,	3 ſcripſi, ſcriptum, to write
	Cambio,	4 campſi, campſum, to exchange
Ti,	tum, as, Sto,	1 ſteti, } ſtatum, to ſtand
	Siſto,	3 ſtiti, }
	But Verto,	3 verti, verſum, to turn
Vi,	tum, as Flo,	1 flavi, flatum, to blow
	But Paſco,	3 pavi, paſtum, to feed
	Lavo,	1 lavi, } lotum, lauum, to waſh lavatum,
	Poto,	1 potavi } potum, to drink potatum,
	Faveo,	2 favi, fautum, to favour
	Caveo,	2 cavi, cautum, to beware
	Sero,	3 ſevi, ſatum, to ſow
	Lino,	3 } livi, litum, to rub over lini,
	Solvo,	3 ſolvi, ſolutum, to looſe
	Volvo,	3 volvi, volutum, to roll
	Singultio,	4 ſingultivi, ſingultum, to ſob
	Veneo,	4 venivi, veaum, to be ſold
	Sepelio,	4 ſepelivi, ſepultum, to bury
Uli,	itum, as Domo,	1 domui, domitum, to make tame
Tet every Verb which ends in uo, makes utum, in the Supines, as,		
	Exuo,	3 exui, exutum, to put off
Only,	Ruo,	3 rui, ruitum, to ruſh
	Seco,	1 ſecui, ſectum, to cut
	Neco,	1 necui, nectum, to kill
	Frico,	1 fricui, frictum, to rub
	Miſceo,	2 miſcui, miſtum, to mix
	Amicio,	4 amicui, amictum, to cloath
	Torreo,	2 torruui, toſtum, to roaſt
	Docco,	2 docui, doctum, to teach
	Teneo,	2 tenui, tentum, to hold

Conſulo

If the Preterperfect end in

The Supine ſhall end in

7. Of the Supines of Compound Verbs.

1. The Supine of the Compound Verbs is the same with that of the Simple Verb, as,

Lego, to read, lectum

Perlegeo, to read over, perlectum.

1. Yet sometimes they alter a syllable, for

Tundo, to knock

Pertundo, to bruise

Ruo, to rush

Corruo, to fall together

Salio, to leap

Desilio, to leap down

Sero, to sow

Infero, to graff

makes

tunsum

pertunsum

ruitum

corrutum

saltum

desultum

satum

insutum

2. These Supines change [a] into [e] when they are compounded; for

Capio, to take

Decipio, to deceive

Facio, to make

Inficio, to infect

Jacio, to cast

Rejicio, to throw back

Rapio, to snatch

Corripio, to catch hold of

makes

captum

deceptum

factum

infectum

jactum

rejectum

raptum

corruptum

Cano, to sing	} makes }	cantum
Concino, to sing in tune		con.cantum
Pario, to bring forth		partum
Reperio, to find		reperitum
Spargo, to sprinkle		sparsum
Dispergo, to scatter abroad,		dispersum

3. This Verb Edo, when it is compounded, will have esum, (and not estum) in the Supines, as

Exedo, to gnaw, exēsum

Only Comēdo, to eat all, { comestum,
comēsum

4. All the Compounds of Nosco, make notum in the Supines, as,

Pernosco, to know thoroughly, pernōtum

Except { Cognosco, to know, cognitum
Agnosco, to acknowledge, agnitum

8. Of the Preterperfect tense in Verbs in Or.

1. Verbs which end in Or, do borrow their Preterperfect tense of the latter Supine, by putting to f and sum vel fui.

But we must observe, that some of these are Deponents, and some Common, which do feign a Supine, whence the Preterperfect tense may be formed thus,

Labor,

Labor	3	to slide
Patior,	3	to suffer
Compatior,	3	to suffer together
Perpetior,	3	to endure
Fateor,	2	to confess
Confiteor	2	to confess
Diffiteor,	2	to deny
Gradior	3	to go
Digredior,	3	to go aside
Fatiscor,	3	to be weary
Metior,	4	to measure
Utor,	3	to use
Ordior,	4	{ to weave to begin
Nitor,	3	to endeavour
Ulciscor,	3	to revenge
Irafcor,	3	to be angry
Reor,	3	to suppose
Obliviscor,	3	to forget
Fruor,	3	to enjoy
Misereor,	2	to have mercy
Tueor, tueri	2	to defend
Tuor, tui	3	to see
Loquor	3	to speak
Sequor,	3	to follow
Experior	4	to try
Pacifcor,	3	to make a bargain
Nancifcor,	3	to get
Apifcor,	3	{ to obtain
Adipifcor,	3	{ to obtain
Queror,	3	to complain
Proficifcor	3	to go
Expergifcor,	3	to awake

makes

lapius
passus
compaffus
perpeffus
faffus
confeffus
diffeffus
greffus
digreffus
feffus
menfus
ufus
{ orditus
{ orfus
{ nifus
{ nixus
ultus
iratus
ratus
oblitus
{ fructus
{ fruitus
misertus
tuitus { tutum
tuitum
loquantus
fequantus
expertus
paftus
nactus
aptus
adeptus
queftus
profectus
experrectus

Sum vel fui.

Comminifcor,

Comminiscor, 3. to devise	} makes	Commentus,	} sum vel fui
Nascor, 3. to be born		natus,	
Morior, 3. to die		mortuus,	
Orior, 4. to arise		ortus,	

9. Of Verbs that have two Preterperfect tenses.

These Verbs have two Preterfect tenses, viz. one of the Active, and another of the Passive voice.

Ceno,	1	coenavi,
to sup		coenatus sum,
Juro	1	Juravi,
to swear		juratus sum,
Poto,	1	potavi,
to drink		potus sum,
Titubo,	1	titubavi,
to stumble		titubatus sum,
Careo	2	carui,
to want		causus sum
Prandeo	2	prandi,
to dine		pransus sum,
Pateo,	2	patui,
to lie open		passus sum,
Placeo,	2	placui,
to please		placitus sum,
Suelco,	3	suēvi,
to accustom		suētus sum,
Veneo,	4	venivi,
to be sold		venditus sum,
Nubo,	3	nupsi,
to be married to a man		nupta sum,

Merco

Mereor	2	merui
to deserve		meritus sum
Libet,	2	libuit
it pleaseth		libitum est
Licet,	2	licuit
it is lawful		licitum est
Tædet,	2	tæduit
it irketh,		pertæsum est
Pudet	2	puduit
it shameth		puditum est
Piget,	2	piguit
it irketh		pigitum est

10. Of the Preterperfect tense of Verbs Neuter-passives.

Verbs Neuter-passives form thoir Preterperfect
tense thus.

Gaudeo,	2	to rejoyce, gavifus sum
Fido,	3	to trust, fisis sum
Audeo,	2	to be bold, aufus sum
Fio, fis,		to be made, factus sum
Soleo,	2	to be wont, solitus sum
Mœreo,	2	to be sad, *, mœstus sum

Which Phocas saith is a Noun,

II. Of Verbs which borrow their Preterperfect tenses.

Some Verbs do borrow their Preterperfect tense from others. viz.

A Verb Inceptive which ends in sco, standing for a primitive Verb, borrows its Preterperfect tense of that Verb which it stands for, as

	<i>makes</i>	<i>of</i>
Tepesco, to begin to be warm	tepui,	Tepeco, to be warm
Fervesco, to begin to be hot	ferui,	Ferveo, to be hot
Cerno, to discern	vidi,	Video, to see
Quatio, to shake	concussi,	Concutio, to shake
Ferio, to smite	percussi,	Percutio, to smite
Meio, to piss	minxi,	Mingo, to piss
Sido, to settle	sedui,	Sedeo, to sit
Tollo, to take up	sustuli,	Suffero, to suffer
Sum, es, to be	fui,	Fuo, to be
Fero, fers, to suffer	tuli,	Tulo, to bear
Sisto, to make to stand	steti,	Sto, to stand

Englished and Explained.

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Furo,	infanivi	Insanio,
to rage		to be mad
Vescor,	pastus sum,	Pascor,
to eat		to be fed
Medeor,	medicatus sum,	Medicor,
to heal		to cure
Liquor,	liquefactus	Liquefo
to be melted		to be melted
Reminiscor,	recordatus sum	Recordor,
to remember		to call to mind

12. Of Verbs which want their Preterperfect Tense.

These Verbs want the preterperfect tense, viz.

Ambigo, is,	3	to be in doubt,
Vergo, is,	3	to bend
Glisco, is,	3	to grow
Fatisco, is,	3	to gape
Polleo,	2	to be able
Nideo,	2	to shine

2. *Verbs Inceptives, i. e. that signifie a beginning, as*
Puerasco, 3 to wax a child.

3. *All Passives, whose Actives want the Supines, as,*

Metuor,	3	to be feared
Timeor,	2	

H 2

4. All

4. All Meditators, i. e. which signifie a desire, as,
 Micturio 4 to desire to piss
 Scripturio 4 to desire to write
 Except Parturio, to be toward labour, parturivi
 Esurio, to wax hungry, esurivi.

13. Of Verbs which want the Supines

*These Verbs very seldom, or never, have
 the Supines,*

Lambo	3	to lick
Mico	1	to shine
Rudo	3	to bray like an asse
Scabo	3	to knep as horses do
Parco	3	to spare
Dispesco	3	to drive from pasture
Palco	3	to require
Disco	3	to learn
Compesco	3	to pasture together
Quinisco	3	to nod
Dego	3	to live
Ango	3	to vex
Sugo	3	to suck
Lingo	3	to lick
Ningo	3	to snow
Satago	3	to be busie
Pfallo	3	to sing
Volo		to will
Nolo		to be unwilling
Malo		to be more willing
Tremo	3	to tremble
Strideo	2	} to crack
Strido	3	
Annue	3	to grant

Flaveo	2	to be yellow
Liveo	2	to be black and blue
Aveo	2	to cover
Paveo	2	to fear
Conniveo	2	to wink
Ferveo	2	to be hot

The Compounds of Nuo, to nod, as, Nuvolo, to refuse
 Renuo 3

And the Compounds of Cado, to fall, as, Incido

Except { Occido, to set,
 and
 Recido, to fall back } which make { occasum
 &
 recasum

Respuo	3	to refuse
Linquo	3	to leave
Luo	3	to suffer punishment
Metuo	3	to fear
Cluo	3	to glister
Frigeo	2	to be cold
Calvo	3	to be bald
Sterto	3	to snort
Timeo	2	to fear
Luceo	2	to shine
Arceo	2	to drive away

Whose Compounds make erciturum.

So the compounds of Gruo, to cruckle, as
 Ingruo, 3 to invade

And whatsoever Verbs Neuters of the second Conjugation make
 ui, Except these.

Oleo, to smell
 Dolco, to grieve

Placeo, to please	Placeo
Taceo, to hold ones peace	Taceo
Pareo, to obey	Pareo
Careo, to want	Careo
Noceo, to hurt	Noceo
Pateo, to lie upon	Pateo
Lateo, to lie hid	Lateo
Valeo, to be valiant	Valeo
Calco, to be warm	Calco

And they will have the suppers.

Occido, to kill
Occido, to put back
Occido, to put back

to refuse	Refuso
to inquire	Inquiro
to suffer pain	Patior
to fight	Pugno
to differ	Diffuso
to be cold	Fresco
to be full	Pleno
to know	Scio
to learn	Discipulo
to think	Cogito
to think much	Cogito

A S

to be company make a dinner
to be company of
to be company of
to be company of

to be company of
to be company of
to be company of
to be company of

As in Presenti containeth Rules whereby to find out

R
V

A Synopsis of As in Præsenti.

As in Præsenti containeth Rules whereby to find out

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The Supines

Of Verbs

In O

Simple
of the
Conjugation at

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Rules of Verbs that

A Synopsis of Asia in Persia

the Empire of Persia
in the year 1700
under the reign of
Ottoman the Great
1698-1702

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Of all the Verbs in

AS IN PRÆSENTI,

Shewing a young Learner how to conjugate them:
With Figures also directing to the Rules of
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- Torqueo, es, si, torquere, endi, do, dum, torsui, u, & tortum, u, torquens, torsurus & torturus *to wrest* 66 80
- Torreo, es, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, tostui, u, torrens, tosturus *to roast* 81
- Tracto, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, atum, u, tractans, tractaturus *to handle* 74
- Trade, is, tradidi, tradere, endi, do, dum, traditum, u, tradens, iturus *to deliver* 74
- Traho, is, traxi, trahere, endi, do, dum, tractum, u, trahens, tracturus *to draw* 69
- Translego, is, legi, ere, endi, do, dum, translectum, u, translegens, translecturus *to read over* 78
- Tremo, is, ui, ere, endi, do, dum (supinis caret) tremens *to tremble* 90
- Trudo, is, truxi, trudere, endi, do, dum, truxui, u, trudens, trusus *to thrust* 68
- Tuor, eris vel ere, tuius sum vel fui, tui, endi, do, dum, tutum, u, & tuitum, u, tuens, tuturus & tuiturus *to look* 87
- Tueor, eris vel ere, tuius sum vel fui, tueri, endi, do, dum, tutum, u, & tuitum, u, tuens, tutorus & tuiturus *to defend* 87
- Tulo, is, tuli, ere, endi, do, dum, latum, u, tulens, laturus *to bear* 88
- Tundo, is, tundi, tundere, endi, do, dum, tunsum, u, tundens, tunsurus *to knock* 83 68 79

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- V**Ado, is, vasi, vadere, endi, do, dum, vasum, u, vadens,
vasurus to go 68
- Valéo, es, ui, ere, endi, do, dum, valitum, u, valens, valitu-
rus to be in health 91
- Veho, is, vexe, vehere, endi, do, dum, vectum, u, vehens,
vecturus to carry 68
- Vello, is, vult, vellere, endi, do, dum, vulsum, u, vellens, vul-
surus to pull up 69, 80
- Vendo, is, vendidi, ere, endi, do, dum, venditum, u, vendens,
venditurus to sell 74
- Veneo, is, venivi & venditus sum vel fui, venire, iendi, do,
dum, venum, u, veniens to be sold 81
- Venjo, is, veni, venire, iendi, do, dum, ventum, u, veniens,
venturus to come 72
- Vergo, is, (præterito caret) vergere, vergendi, do, dum,
(supinis caret) vergens to bend 89
- Verro, is, verri & verfi, verrore, endi, do, dum, versum, u,
verrens, versurus to brush 70, 80
- Verto, is, verti, vertere, endi, do, dum, versum, u, vertens,
versurus to turn 71, 81
- Vescor, ēris vel ēre, pastus sum vel fui, vesci, endi, do, dum,
pastum, u, vescens, pasturus to eat 88
- Veto, as, ui, vetare, andi, do, dum, vetitum, u, vetans, vetitu-
rus to forbid 65
- Video, es, vidi, videre, endi, do, dum, visum, u, videns, vi-
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turus to bind 66
- Vincio, is, vinxi, vincere, iendi, do, dum, victum, u, vinci-
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Vincó,

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- Viso, is, visi, visere, endi, do, dum, visum, u, visens, visurus *to visit* 68, 80
- Vivo, is, vixi, vivere, vivendi, do, dum, victum, u, vivens, victurus *to live* 71
- Ulciscor, cris vel ere, ultus sum vel fui, ulcisci, endi, do, dum, ultum, u, ulciscens, ulturus *to revenge* 85
- Vocito, as, avi, are, andi, do, dum, vocitatum, u, vocitans, aturus *to call often* 65
- Volo, vis, volui, velle, volendi, do, dum, (supinis caret) volens *to be willing* 90
- Volvo, is, volvi, volvere, endi, do, dum, volutum, u, volvens, voluturus *to roll* 71, 81
- Vomo, is, vomui, vomere, endi, do, dum, vomitum, u, vomens, vomiturus *to vomit* 79
- Urgeo, es, arsi, urgere, endi, do, dum, ursum, u, urgens, ursurus *to urge* 66
- Uro, is, usi, urere, endi, do, dum, ustum, u, urens, usturus *to burn* 70, 80
- Utor, cris vel ere, usus sum vel fui, uti, endi, do, dum, usum, u, utens, usurus *to use* 85

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